THE MORNING STAR

Gives the Largest Quantity

And Variety of Reading Matter,

Of Any Daily Newspaper in North Carolina.

Entered at the Postoffice at Wilmington, N. C., as Second-class Mail Matter.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

CLEARING SALE

THIS IS A

Sale of Odds and Ends

We do not consider the value or cost. We are determined to sacrifice them and the price we are offering them at would not pay the freight. These bargains consist of goods that are always in demand. If you cannot use them now you will need them and it will pay you to buy while they can be purchased at

Half Value

One Lot Silk Grenadines

In patterns of 7 yards, 44-inch wide, formerly sold for $7.00, to close at—

SPECIAL LOT

PURE CASTILE SOAP, 1,000 Cakes, three for 5 cents.

A Special Inducement to the Trade.

1 Lot CORSETS, a variety of brands, viz.:

Warner's Health,
"Warner's Coraline "33,"
Bridal, French woven,
Diamond, Common Sense,
Fifth Avenue and Sonnette.

These Corsets

are well known brands. Who has not heard of Warner's Health and Warner's Coraline?

The Health always sold for $1.25. The Coraline, Sonnette, Bridal, and Common Sense sell everywhere for $1.00. Choose while you have the opportunity.

1,000 bottles Bixby's Royal Polish, a water-proof Blacking for Ladies and Children's Shoes. Always sold for 10c. We are selling it this week at 5c a bottle.

1,000 bottles Whittemore's Gilt Edge Dressing—the finest and most durable lustre. Sold everywhere at 25c. We sell it this week at 12½c a bottle.

A variety of light evening shades in Cotton, which sold at 15c yard we are selling this week at 5c per yard.

Any Remnant in our house can be purchased for half its price.

1,000 yards all-wool Challie. They are about 24 inches in width, good styles; goods that sold for 20c per yard. We will sell at 8c per yard.

1 Lot Lace Flouncing worth 50c a yard at 25c.

1 Lot Fancy Figured Flouncing worth 50c a yard at 25c.

2,000 yards Lace. Some are worth 10c, others 30c a yard. All go this week at 5c a yard.

1 Lot real French Sateen worth 35c a yard at 15c.

We have just received a lot of Buttermilk Soap.

10,000 yards Cotton Crash at 3c a yard.

Guaranteed as Advertised.

A. D. BROWN,

Successor to BROWN & RODDICK

No 9 NORTH FRONT ST.

June 23 tf

PEOPLE SAY

THAT "SHOES ARE CHEAPER AT

MERCER & GAYLORD'S

THAN ANYWHERE ELSE."

We say, "The Mill Still Grinds" and BARGAINS of real value continually come forth, which, to some extent, accounts for the general rush in our Store.

We stop just here to return sincere and heartfelt thanks to our large patronage, and cordially and earnstly solicit a continuance of the same. We invite strangers as well as our old friends and acquaintances to see our stock before buying elsewhere.

Very respectfully,

Mercer & Gaylord.

We keep at the same place, H. C. Evans' Old Stand 115 Princess St.

june 23 1t

Smoked Shoulders.

10 boxes Smoked Shoulders.

25 bales Fodder, nice for Milch Cows and Dray Horses.

Also other goods in my line.

D. L. GORE,

120, 122 & 124 Water street, Wilmington, N. C.

June 16 tf

THE MORNING STAR

VOL. LVI.—NO. 76. WILMINGTON, N. C., SUNDAY, JUNE 23, 1895. WHOLE NO. 8,782

THE MORNING STAR, THE OLDEST DAILY NEWSPAPER IN NORTH CAROLINA.

The Only Six-Dollar Daily of its Class in the State.

Fort Almanac—June 23.

Sun Rises	4.43 A M
Sun Sets	7.19 P M
Day's Length	14 h 40 m
High Water at Southport	6.06 P M
High Water at Wilmington	7.58 P M

The Weather.

U. S. DEP'T OF AGRICULTURE, WEATHER BUREAU, WILMINGTON, N C., June 22.

Meteorological data for yesterday:

Temperature: 8 a. m., 78°; 8 p. m., 78°; maximum, 90°; minimum, 70°; mean 80°.

Rainfall for the day, .57; rainfall for the month up to date 2.77 inches.

FORECAST FOR TO-DAY.

For North Carolina: Fair except showers on the coast; warmer; westerly winds.

For South Carolina: Fair; warmer; westerly winds.

Cotton Region Bulletin.

The rainfall yesterday in the cotton belt was heaviest in the Wilmington district. Newbern reported 2.00 inches; Charlotte, .93; Weldon, .78; Lumberton, .60; Wilmington, .51; Goldsboro, .07; Greensboro, .09. The maximum temperature at the Wilmington station of the Weather Bureau was 90 degrees; at Charlotte, 86; Cheraw and Lumberton, 98; Goldsboro and Florence, 94; Greensboro and Raleigh, 88; Weldon, 92.

OUTLINES.

Postoffice authorities arrest several persons in Chicago for sending green goods circulars through the mails. —— Alabama Democrats will elect sound money Congressmen next year. —— Advices received by the Marine Hospital Service confirm previous reports relative to plague in Foo Chow, China. —— Secretary Carlisle refuses to reverse his decision deporting certain Chinamen. —— China withholds her ratfication of the contract with the Russo-French syndicate. —— The Spanish Government is purchasing large quantities of war material in Great-Britain. —— The relief expedition to go in search of Lieut. Peary, the arctic explorer, sailed at 1 o'clock yesterday afternoon from Brooklyn. —— The Scotch-Irish Congress closed its seventh annual session at Lexington, Va. —— Brutal murder followed by lynching in Mississippi. —— Naval evolutions at Kiel; the American squadron gets a full share of admiration. —— The British Ministry will resign. —— Crops injured by heavy and continuous rains in Mississippi. —— Affairs in Cuba—further successes by the insurgents; Spanish volunteers joining the rebel forces. —— Record of base ball games played yesterday. Chicago grain and provision market. —— Cotton spots and futures. —— New York markets: Money on call 1@1½ per cent; cotton, middling gulf 7 7-16c; middling uplands 7 8-16c; Southern flour dull and easy; common to fair extra $2.50@3.25; good to choice do $3.30@4.10; wheat dull and ¾c higher; No. 2 red in store and at elevator 74¼@74¾c; afloat 75¾c; corn dull and weaker; No. 2 at elevator 52¾c; afloat 53¾c; spirits turpentine steady and quiet at 29¼@29¾c; rosin quiet and steady; strained common to good $1.55@1.60.

A young Chicago man who unexpectedly fell heir to $1,000,000, proceeded to get away with it by investing in a fifty-cent cigar.

Governor Altgeld, of Illinois, is avenging himself on the people who have behn scoring him by calling the Legislature to meet in extra session.

A Sabbath-observing Scotchman has constructed a Sabbath-observing clock which ungears itself at twelve o'clock Saturday night and rests until Monday morning.

The Washington correspondent of the Philadelphia *Times* says doubt is no longer entertained in that city that Secretary Carlisle will be a candidate for the United States Senatorship against Joe Blackburn.

As the Cuban racket is about played out, according to Spanish accounts, we suppose Spain is sending over those 25,000 men and raising $120,000,000 to have a jolly time in celebrating the pegging out.

President Cleveland has recently declined the honor of an LL. D., tendered by a colored college in Ohio. In his letter declining he stated that he had previously declined a similar honor from one of the greatest universities in the country, in both of which Mr. Cleveland showed excellent horse sense.

The young soap maker in Chicago who was informed that he had become heir to $1,000,000, left him by an aunt in Hamburg, didn't become excited, but continued right on making soap. Sensible fellow. The man who makes a good article of soap is greater than a millionaire, although he may not put on any aires

A question which is agitating Iowa is how to improve the 500 Indians who have a settlement in that State. The lands they own are some of the best in the State, but the red skins are too high-toned to work and prefer to get their living by begging. Occasionally they corral a lot of dogs and have a dog feast and a good time. Reforming an Indian isn't easy, especially when reform has any of the elements of work in it. Gen. Phil Sheridan, who had some familiarity with the Indians, once remarked that the only really good Indian was a dead one.

We are indebted to the American Bimetallic League, Sun building, Washington, D. C., for two pamphlets on the silver question one entitled "Shylock, as Banker, Bondholder, Corruptionist, Conspirator," the other, "The Anarchists of Wealth," both by Gordon Clark, an able and vigorous writer, who is intensely in earnest in his championship of silver, and denunciation of the methods by which it was demonetized and degraded.

There are some pretty mean thieves in this country, but the meanest on record was the well dressed fellow in New York who sent a little match peddler in Chicago to change a $50 Confederate bill for him and then sneaked off with the little fellow's basket of matches. It would be hard to match that fellow for double-distilled meanness.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

TIVOLI Hofbrau beer.
CASH—Paid for beeswax.
M. CRONLY—Tax-listing.
D. O'CONNOR—For rent.
RALEIGH—Peace Institute.
H. A. KURE—Now open.
FRIDAY—Family excursion.
RACKET STORE—Cash trade.
BASE BALL—At Hammocks.
NOTICE—Intelligence Bureau.
A. D. BROWN—Clearing sale.
JAS. D. NUTT—Do your ever?
STR WILMINGTON—Schedule.
S. H. FISHBLATE—Great stock.
STEDMAN & WORTH—Insurance.
W. B. COOPER—Mahogany twist.
J. H. BUNTING—It's smoking hot.
MERCER & GAYLORD—People say.
G.R. FRENCH & SON—A pretty foot.
N. Y. & W. S. S. Co.—Sailing days.
J.H. REHDER & Co—Summer clothing.
KATZ & POLVOGT—Special this week.
J. D. BELLAMY, JR.—Foreclosure sale.
C. E. GORDON—Plymouth Rock pants.
R. R. BELLAMY & Co—Turnip seed.

NEW BUSINESS LOCALS.

WANTED—Help.
WANTED—Salesman.
FOR SALE—Pug puppy.

PERSONAL PARAGRAPHS

Pertinent Paragraphs Pertaining Principally to People and Pointedly Printed.

— Misses Mattie and Pearl Fotrell, of Mt. Olive, are in the city on a visit to relatives.

— Messrs. D. C. Townsend, Greensboro, and Jos. W. Craig, Charleston, are in the city on a short visit.

— Mr. and Mrs. Duval, Miss Ed Redfern, R. W. Gray, and E. C. McGuires, of Charlotte, are in the city.

— Judge W. S. O'B. Robinson, J. M. Robinson, and Russell M. Robinson, of Goldsboro were among the visitors in the city yesterday.

— Messrs. W. G. Furlong, Newbern; J. J. Powers, Fred. Bond, N. C.; J. B. Carr, Fayetteville; W. B. Taylor, J. C. Scarborough, Charlotte, were among the arrivals in the city yesterday.

For the Shelter.

The ministering Circle of 'The King's Daughters' wish to acknowledge with thanks the following contributions to the 'Shelter of the Silver Cross:"

Geo. L. Harmon, medicines; W. H. Green & Co., medicines; Jas. C. Munds, medicines; Alderman Hardware Co., one wood saw; W. E. Springer & Co., one dozen knives and forks; "A Friend," $15.00; George W. Huggins, half dozen large spoons; Maj. W. S. Stanton, one refrigerator and one reflector lamp; "A Friend," $25.00; A. D. Brown, $1.50; Mrs. C. H. Robinson, one feather pillow; Mrs. F. G. Robinson, one package of sugar; S. A. Schloss & Co., half dozen lamp chimneys.

A Burglar.

A negro burglar entered the residence of Mr. G. W. Millis, corner Eighth and Wooster streets, between one and two o'clock yesterday morning. The burglar was opening a trunk when Mrs. Millis was awakened, and seeing the fellow in the room called for help, and the burglar jumped out of a window and escaped.

One Cent a Word.

Hereafter advertisements to go in our "Business Locals" department will be charged one cent per word for each insertion; but no advertisement, however short, will be taken for less than 20 cents.

This is a reduction from former rates and it is also a convenience to advertisers, who can calculate the exact cost of their advertisements, which must be paid for always in advance.

NEW YORK TRUCK MARKET.

Full and Reliable Reports of Markets For Southern Fruits and Vegetables.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, June 22.—Southern fresh fruits and vegetables: Buyers had supplied pretty much all of their wants yesterday and the trading to day was necessarily light. Prices are without essential change.

— There are just as many people looking for houses to rent this year as ever. If you have a vacant house to rent advertise it in the STAR'S Business Locals. Only one cent a word. But no advertisement taken for less than 20 cents.

LOCAL DOTS.

Items of Interest Gathered Here and There and Briefly Noted.

— For other new advertisements see fourth page.

— Receipts of cotton here yesterday 101 bales.

— Local forecast: Probably fair to-day; light westerly winds.

— Register of Deeds Haar issued three marriage licenses the past week.

— There were two interments in Oakdale cemetery the past week, and two in Bellevue.

— An excursion from Charleston, S. C., is expected to arrive in Wilmington to-day at 11.30.

— Rev. Dr. Patterson will preach at Mount Lebanon church, Wrightsville this morning at 11 o'clock.

— There was 4.8 feet water in the river at Fayetteville Friday at 8 p. m.: a fall of nearly a foot in 24 hours.

— The steamer *Wilmington* will leave her wharf at 10 o'clock this morning for Carolina Beach and Southport, and at 3 p. m. this afternoon.

— Cards are out for the marriage at the First Baptist church in this city, on Wednesday next, the 26th inst., of Miss Ida Barnes, of Wilmington, and Rev. G. L. Finch, of Virginia.

— The Deutsche Frauen Verein will give an excursion to Carolina Beach next Friday, June 28th, the boat leaving at 9 o'clock a. m. and 3 p. m. Refreshments will be served on the *Wilmington* at city prices.

— Mr. M. Cronly, tax lister, gives notice that he will be at the City Hall every day this week from 9 a. m. to 1 p. m., and from 3 to 6 p. m., to receive list of taxables. The books will be closed Saturday.

SUNDAY SERVICES.

Services in St John's Church to-day (second Sunday after Trinity) by the Rector, Rev Dr Carmichael. Holy communion 7.45 a m, morning prayer and sermon 11 a m, evening prayer 6 p. m. Sunday School 5 p m.

St. Paul's Evangelical Church, corner of Market and Sixth streets, Rev K Boldt, pastor. German service at 11 a m; English service at 8 p m; Sunday School at 4.30 p m.

Services in the First Presbyterian Church Sunday morning at 11 o'clock, and Sunday evening at 6 o'clock. The subject of Dr Hoge's evening sermons this Summer will be "The Historical Songs of the Bibles." Owing to sickness, the bell will not be rung.

St Paul's Church, Fourth and Orange streets, Rev F N Skinner, rector (3nd Sunday after Trinity): Services at 11 a m (Holy Communion) and 6 p m; also Wendesday at 6 p m. All seats free.

COLORED CHURCHES.

At the Central Baptist church, corner Seventh and Red Cross streets, there will be preaching to-day at 10:30 a m, 8 p m, and 8 p m. There will be baptizing at night. Revs. L. T. Christmas, M. G. Christmas and Dr. D. N. C. Campbell will preach. Sunday School at 12 m. There will be a song service Tuesday night conducted by Rev. M. G. Christmas. Everybody welcome.

There will be preaching to-day at the First Baptist church, corner Fifth and Campbell streets, at 11 a m. Sunday School at 1 p m. Preaching at 8 p m and at 8 p m. Strangers and friends are always welcome. Joseph Spells, pastor.

Shiloh Baptist Church, corner Walnut and McRae streets, P F Maloy pastor. Sunday services as follows: Preaching 11 a m by Rev A W Paul, preaching 8 p m, annual sermon of Independent Order of Good Samaritans and Daughters of Samaria. Sunday School 12.30 p m, Endeavor Society 4.30 p m, preaching and baptism 8.30 p m. Friends and strangers welcome.

CITY MARKETS

Pretty Well Stocked With Everything in Season at Reasonable Prices.

The Wilmington markets are pretty well stocked just now with everything that grows in the neighborhood at this season in the way of vegetables and fruits. There is a very good variety of fish to be had, poultry is plenty, though not especially fine, and the meat markets offer a fair lot of excellent beef, lamb, veal and pork.

Cantaloupes are scarce. The crop is late. A few have appeared in market from near-by farms and sold readily at high prices. Watermelons are also late and growers say will not be in market before the middle of July. A car-load of Georgia melons was on sale yesterday and brought good prices. Plums, huckleberries and blackberries can be bought for 5c per quart and a few peaches (inferior stock) at 5 to 10c per quart.

The supply of poultry is about sufficient to meet the demand and prices are well sustained. Grown fowls sell at 30 to 40c each and Spring chickens from 12½ to 20c. Eggs are abundant at 12½c per dozen.

BASE BALL THIS WEEK.

Games to Be Played by High Point and Wilmington Teams.

The Charlotte *Observer* speaking of the games of base ball to be played in Wilmington next Wednesday and Thursday by the High Point Club and teams of this city, says, "with High Point are King who caught in Charlotte last season, Bailey, of the University, Armfield, Ragsdale, Jones, Watson, Houser, Davis, Barbee and others, while Wilmington is reported to have a very strong team, so that the excursionists will have the opportunity of witnessing two closely contested, well played games."

Encyclopedia Britannica.

The STAR Britannica Department is still filling orders for the Encyclopædia Britannica. This is the latest and best edition of this great work. Issued in 25 volumes, bound in cloth or sheep. For full particulars read announcement on third page, or inquire at the STAR office

Housekeepers who want servants are in the habit of supplying their needs from the STAR'S want column. Are you looking for a situation? The STAR'S want column will bring you the best results. One cent a word. But no ad. taken for less than 20 cents. tf

RALEIGH NEWS BUDGET.

BUILDING AND LOAN ASSOCIATIONS REQUIRED TO PAY A FRANCHISE TAX.

Commissioners of Wake County Issue Bonds to Pay For Construction of Bridges—State Auditor's Report in Demand—Base Ball—Concert—Judge Ewart's Election—The Arrington Court.

[*Star Correspondence.*]

RALEIGH, N. C., June 22.

Section 36 of the Revenue Act says every private business corporation (railroads, banks and insurance companies excepted) shall pay franchise tax according to a stipulated graduated scale. The Mechanics' and Investors' Union and B. and L. Associations in this city attempt to evade the law by classing their business under the head of banking. Treasurer Worth decided yesterday that they were not exempt and would be liable to the tax. The Atlantic Hotel and the Egypt Coal Coal Company are chartered in this county, and have been notified by the sheriff to pay the tax to this county.

The sheriff says houses of ill repute are liable to the boarding house tax, and he will enforce the law.

Lots of fruit is being shipped to this city. Apricots, peaches, cantaloupes and all kinds of fruit are quite plentiful. Peaches raised in this county retailed this morning at 50 cents a peck.

Mr. R. W. Tate, an aged citizen, died last night after a short illness.

General Passenger Agent Turk of the Southern Railway is in the city. Col. Andrews has returned from Norfolk, but he declines to talk about the new route to Norfolk by way of Raleigh.

The Board of County Commissioners have issued $6,000 worth of new bonds to be used in paving for the construction of new bridges which have recently been built in place of those washed away during the Winter. The Board is only allowed to issue bonds in paying for the erection of bridges.

A good many people in Raleigh are interested in base ball and are much disappointed because of the failure to establish a State League early in the season. A good idea would be to arrange a series of games on the plan proposed by the Wilmington management.

The annual report of the Auditor for the past year was such an excellent one that the supply has been exhausted and the demand was so great that an extra edition of 500 copies has been struck off.

Fully 1,500 people went out to Pullen Park last evening to a concert given by the Cornet band. There was a double set of cars running on fast schedule, but the street car service was totally inadequate to accommodate the large number of people.

The Journal of the Senate shows that Judge Ewart received 29 votes in the Senate whereas 26 formed a quorum and that number was necessary for election. The election of Judge for the Criminal Court was not by joint ballot. Judge Starbuck decided in the Stamford-Ellington case that where there was no quorum there was no election. Can he be removed? The fact stands that he did not received a majority.

"Chief Justice" Campbell is bordering on the verge of delirium tremens. His condition is truly pitiable and elicits sympathy. The old man came here expecting to get the court together. Failing in this he took to drink and has kept it up. He has no money and had none when he came here. Somebody seems to be supplying him with whiskey. He cant get home unless some one helps him out. He was at the Capitol this morning; he said little and wept bitterly. It is my opinion that the auditor will allow him mileage.

Reduced Rates—S. A. L.

On account of the Summer School for teachers, University of North Carolina, Chapel Hill, the Seaboard Air Line will sell round trip tickets to that point at reduced rates. Rate from Wilmington $6.90; from Maxton $6.30. Tickets ou sale June 21st to July 1st, final limit August 1st 1895.

On account of the meeting of Grand Lodge K. of P. of North Carolina (colored) at Durham, N. C., July 1st to 5th, the S. A. L. will sell round trip tickets to that point at reduced rates. Rate from Wilmington $7.70. Tickets on sale June 29th, 30th, and July 1st, final limit July 7th.

On account of the North Carolina Firemens' Association (colored) at Henderson, N. C., August 13th to 15th, the S. A. L. will sell round trip tickets to that point at reduced rates. Rate from Wilmington $7.10.

On account of District Conference M. E. Church South, Lumberton, N. C., the S. A. L. will sell round trip tickets to that point at reduced rates. Rate from Wilmington $3.45.

On account of the meeting of the Baptist Young People's Union of America, Baltimore, Md., July 16th-21st, 1895, the S. A. L. will sell round trip tickets at very low rates. Rate from Wilmington for the round trip via Portsmouth and Bay Line $10.00, via Weldon $13.10. Tickets on sale July 16 and 17th, final limit August 5th, 1895.

Death of M. Sam'l S. Burtt.

Mr. Samuel S. Burtt, an aged and respected citizen of Wilmington, died yesterday morning at his residence in this city, in the 81st year of his age. He leaves a wife and two sons—Mr. S. A. Burtt, cashier of the Standard Oil Co. here, and Mr. L. R. Burtt, of Loveland, Ohio.

Mr. Burtt was born in the city of Newark, N. J., and came to Wilmington some fifty or more years ago. He was by trade a machinist, and for many years carried on a successful business in this city, until failing health compelled him to retire. He was a member of the First Baptist Church of Wilmington, and his funeral will take place from that church this morning at 9 o'clock.

Buy No Others.

All persons are hereby cautioned against buying copies of the STAR offered for sale on the streets unless, in every case, the words "For Transient Sale" are stamped on the margin of the paper. Should any newsboy or carrier offer for sale a copy of the STAR not so stamped he should be promptly reported at this office.

If there is anything you want, advertise for it. Is there anything you don't want? Advertise it in the Business Locals of the STAR. One cent a word. But no ad. taken for less than 20 cents. tf

VISIT OF INSPECTION

To the Wilmington Naval Battalion by Assistant Secretary McAdoo and Lieut. Niblack, of the Navy—Reception at the Purcell—Entertained by Mayor Fishblate at Wrightsville Beach.

The inspection of the Naval Reserves of Wilmington took place yesterday afternoon on the monitor *Nantucket*, at her berth across the river. The buoy-tender *Wisteria* brought the Assistant Secretary of the Navy, Mr. McAdoo, and Lieut. Niblack to the city from Charleston. They were met by the officers of the Reserves, and tendered courtesies at the Cape Fear Club.

In the afternoon an informal luncheon was given in honor of the visitors in the parlors of the Purcell House. The gathering was strictly informal. After refreshments were partaken of the officers repaired to the dock at the foot of Mulberry street where the crew of the Captain's gig conveyed the party to the monitor *Nantucket*.

The Secretary expressed himself as very much pleased at the fine bearing and conduct of the men of the Wilmington Division, in their manning of the gig and their soldiery conduct in the management of the guns during the firing of the salute in honor of the distinguished visitors. The Secretary condemned the monitor as an unseaworthy ship, for that her steering-gear was out of order and that only one of her anchors could be used. He proposed to bring this matter to the attention of his superior, the Secretary of the Navy.

While the Secretary had only words of praise for the Reserves, he condemned the vessel as incapable, without a heavy expenditure, of fulfilling any useful purpose.

A heavy thunder-storm brought the demonstration to a close. The *Bessie May* brought the officers of the battalion to the city. The Secretary and Lieut. Niblack with a number of prominent citizens went to the Sound last night on a special train tendered by Mr. Latimer, of the Seacoast Railroad.

Mr. McAdoo will leave for Norfolk this morning to rejoin the *Dolphin*, thence to continue his inspection of the naval militia in the Northern States.

At the Sound last night the visitors were entertained by Mayor Fishblate. Toasts were given and responded to by gentlemen present, and in response to a toast by Mayor Fishblate, Mr. McAdoo said he was much pleased with the appearance of the naval militia, and not at all surprised at their excellent showing, knowing as he did the exceedingly able gentleman who was at their head, eminently qualified as that gentleman was in a professional way. The naval militia of the country was as yet somewhat in an evolutionary state. To what degree of proficiency they would yet attain, and what would be found to be the most practicable field for them as an auxiliary naval force, would be hard to say. They certainly were a most excellent element and powerful factor to the national defence.

They are primarily a State organization, and anything done for them by the State would certainly meet with great returns in the State having the very best of military organizations to uphold its domestic peace and dignity, and be in time of war an invincible shield to its coast. The North Carolina militia are second to none in intelligence, patriotism and enthusiasm, and any young man will be a better citizen and a better man by the military training and habits of obedience taught in such an organization. The Navy Department are in hearty accord with the organization, as they knew well the splendid military *personnel* of the old Commonwealth. I bespeak for them good local support. They do good, honest, hard work, and deserve encouragement. With a small sum at the command of the Department we have to look after about 3,000 men in this great country, and therefore local support is essential.

This country, the richest in the world, has over 12,000 miles of nearly undefended seacoast, and to its defence this militia can be of the greatest aid. These organizations are being supplied with the very best and most powerful military weapons, and in this age 100 well armed disciplined men are equal to 1,000 ill armed or poorly disciplined ones, however brave the latter may be. Mr. McAdoo said he was much impressed with the fine business activity of Wilmington, its great geographical advantages and its pleasant and progressive aspect, and deeply thankful for the many courtesies and kindnesses extended to him while here.

Commander Winslow, in replying to Mr. McAdoo's remarks, stated that all present knew, of course, that the Naval Battalion of the State was part of the State Guard; that primarily its services were at the command of the State in exactly the same way as any other organization of the Guard. That aside from that duty his general idea had been to develop so far as possible the defence of what was generally considered important strategic points. That the United States had spent a large sum of money upon the improvement of the Cape Fear river; that the "cruise" of last year was an attempt to demonstrate the ability of the North Carolina Battalion to defend the Cape Fear and its entrance. That this or next year he hoped to develop a plan through which the Battalion would show that it could occupy and defend Beaufort and Oracoke inlets; that he regarded the naval militia movement as the most important advance in the scheme of National defence which has been made. Commander Winslow also said that, in behalf of the Naval Battalion, he wished to express its appreciation of the interest shown by the presence of the distinguished visitor; that he could also say that no one was better aware of their deficiencies than members of the Battalion; but they assured the Secretary that whatever they had done, they had done the best they could.

In concluding his remarks Commander Winslow stated that the interest of Mr. McAdoo in the naval militia movement was too well known to need comment, but that he wished to say that at the meeting of officers of the naval militia of the country in New York, when no other motions except of a business character were considered, and where eleven States were represented, a resolution was unanimously adopted, thanking Mr. McAdoo for his good offices.

Mayor Fishblate said that for the citizens of Wilmington he would say that they were much gratified by the visit of the distinguished guests, and had they had longer notice they would have done more for their entertainment. That the city of Wilmington felt great interest in the Naval Battalion and would support it. That he hoped for its prosperity and especially for that of his distinguished guest who he hoped to see the next Governor of New Jersey.

Lieut. Commander Morton stated that Senator Ransom had said that he had been able to do almost anything for North Carolina, and Wilmington especially, but that he could not run the Navy Department. Mr. Morton hoped that the officers present having seen our river would agree with our citizens that the occasional presence of a U. S. man-of-war was at least possible, and hoped that it would be accomplished.

Mr. Sol. C. Weill said that while there was a good deal of foolishness about military matters, he was sure that the Light Infantry and Naval Reserves would always come to the front.

AMONG THE TRUCKERS.

Crops Backward but Doing Well—The Potato Crop Though Small Sold at Good Prices.

Mr. C. H. Heide, a successful truck farmer of New Hanover county, says the yield of potatoes this season has not been so large as expected, on account of heavy rains early in the Spring, but prices were better, and taking the average, farmers have done tolerably well. The later crops, such as tomatoes and cantaloupes, are looking better than could have been expected from the lateness of the season. Mr. Heide says he thinks it would be a good thing if the farmers in this section would send to the STAR some account of their success and lack of success with different crops grown for shipment to Northern markets; it would be information of value to many.

Mr. W. F. Alexander, of Middle Sound, in the city yesterday, reports crops generally backward; but coming out wonderfully now.

WORK OF MOONSHINERS.

Grist and Sawmill Burned—Fruit Trees and Grapevines Destroyed.

[*Special Star Telegram.*]

RALEIGH, N. C., June 22.—Kelly's grist and sawmill, near New Hill, Chatham county, was destroyed by fire this week.

About 150 trees and many grapevines in the orchard of W. J. Olive, U. S. deputy collector, residing near New Hill, were destroyed by cutting bark from them. The neighborhood is pretty certain that the work was done by moonshiners. Several were up in the last Federal Court, Kelly and Olive were instrumental in breaking up a number of distilleries. It is known that moonshiners have made threats against them. The community is indignant. Jap Johnson, the notorious moonshiner, who was arrested recently and who is under $500 bond, lives in the community and is suspected.

DIED.

S. S. BURTT—On the morning of June 22nd, at 5:30 o'clock, aged 80 years.

Funeral from First Baptist church at 9 o'clock Sunday morning, thence to Oakdale cemetery.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

THE CAROLINA MUTUAL

Fire Insurance Company,

of Charlotte, N. C.

The CAROLINA MUTUAL is a strong NORTH CAROLINA Company. It is, however, a stock company, and issues absolutely non-participating and non-assessable policies. Its mutual feature consists in a charter provision, that one-third of its directors must be POLICY-HOLDERS who are NOT stockholders elected by the POLICY-HOLDERS; this is a very strong point, the policy-holders who have great interests at stake, have a share in the management of the Company, and will always know its condition. Better than this, the CAROLINA MUTUAL deposits all premiums received at this agency to their credit with the WILMINGTON SAVINGS AND TRUST COMPANY. This makes it practically a local company. The directors of the company are:

P. M. BROWN,
Of Brown, Weddington & Co., Wholesale Hardware.
E. B. SPRINGS,
Of E. B. Springs & Co., Fertilizers and Wagons.
M. P. PEGRAM,
Cash'r First Nat'l Bank of Charlotte.
B. D. HEATH,
Of Heath Brothers, Bankers.
SAM'L E. WHITE,
President Fort Mill Man'f'g Co.
A. C. SUMMERVILLE,
Lumber and Real Estate.
J. T. ANTHONY,
Wholesale Provisions and Grain.
JOHN W. MILLER,
Real Estate and Cotton Broker.
HERIOT CLARKSON,
Of Clarkson & Duls, Att'ys-at-Law.

These gentlemen stand among the wealthiest and most successful business men of North Carolina, and their names are a guarantee of the Company's honesty, conservatism and success. We heartily recommend the Company to the property owners of Wilmington. We also represent other good companies, and do a general insurance business. Come to see us.

STEDMAN & WORTH,

Resident Agents.

je 9 tf

THE MORNING STAR, THE OLDEST DAILY NEWSPAPER IN NORTH CAROLINA.

The Only Six-Dollar Daily of its Class in the State.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

SPECIAL THIS WEEK

—AT—

KATZ & POLVOGT.

Monday,

We offer you our entire stock of Black and Fancy SILKS at 20 per cent. off regular price. We handle the largest stock in the State.

Wash Kai Kai Silk at 28c per yrd.

Tuesday,

75c Henrietta in all shades. Will be sold for 45c. No samples cut.

75c Storm and French Serges in Black and Navy Blue, will be sold for 50c per yard.

35 and 25c Henrietta will be sold for 18c, in colors only.

Wednesday,

We offer extra inducements in Table Linens, Lunch Sets, Bath Towels, Towels, Doylets and Napkins at 20 per cent. less the regular price. Stock the largest in the State.

Will also sell White Goods and Embroideries at reduced prices.

Thursday,

Wool Challie worth 20c, will be sold for 12½c, in both light and dark colors.

Satines, Crapons, Silk Mulle, will be sold very low.

Friday,

We close at 1 o'clock and offer you during the morning hours extra inducements in Matting, Floor Oil Cloth, Trunks, Bags, Window Shades, Lace Curtains, in fact everything on our Second Floor will be reduced.

Saturday,

Gent's Furnishing will be the item for Bargains. Excellent line of Outing Shirts, Laundered and Unlaundered Shirts, Bleach Drill Drawers, Hosiery and Knit Underwear.

Katz & Polvogt,

AGENTS FOR

Wheeler & Wilson

No. 9

Sewing Machine.

june 23 tf

Tax Listing.

By request, I beg leave to advise that we close listing on

Saturday Next, 29th Inst., at 6 P. M.

Will be found at the City Hall daily (Sundays excepted) until that date. Hours—9 until 1 p. m. and 3 to 6 p. m. Lists can be furnished on application at the Hall. M. CRONLY,

June 22d, 1895. Tax Lister.

je 23 1t

University of North Carolina

COMPRISES THE UNIVERSITY, THE COLlege, the Law and Medical Schools, and the Summer School for Teachers. Tuition $20. Thirty-five Teachers, 471 Students. Address President Winston, Chapel Hill, N. C., for catalogue and handbook on "University Education." je 21 tf

PUBLISHER'S ANNOUNCEMENT.

THE MORNING STAR, the oldest daily news paper a North Carolina, is published daily except Monday, at $6 00 per year, $3 00 for six months, $1 5, for three months, 50 cents for one month, to mail subscribers. Delivered to city subscribers at the rate of 15 cents per week for any period from one week to one year.

ADVERTISING RATES (DAILY).—One square one day, $1 00; two days, $1 75; three days, $2 50; four days, $3 00; five days, $3 50; one week, $4 00; two weeks, $6 50; three weeks, $8 50; one month, $10 00; two months $17 00; three months, $24 00; six months, $40 00; twelve months, $80 00. Ten lines of solid Nonpareil type make one square.

THE WEEKLY STAR is published every Friday morning at $1 00 per year, 50 cents for six months, 25 cents for three months.

All announcements of Fairs, Festivals, Balls, Hops, Picnics, Society Meetings, Political Meetings, &c., will be charged regular advertising rates.

Notices under head of "City Items" 20 cents per line for first insertion, and 15 cents per line for each subsequent insertion.

Advertisements discontinued before the time contracted for has expired charged transient rates for time actually published.

No advertisements inserted in Local Columns at any price.

A announcements and recommendations of candidates for office, whether in the shape of communications or otherwise, will be charged as advertisements.

Payments for transient advertisements must be made in advance. Known parties, or strangers with proper reference, may pay monthly or quarterly, according to contract.

Remittances must be made by Check, Draft, Postal Money Order, Express or in Registered Letter. Only such remittances will be at the risk of the publisher.

Communications, unless they contain important news or discuss briefly and properly subjects of real interest, are not wanted; and, if acceptable in every other way, they will invariably be rejected if the real name of the author is withheld.

Notices of Marriage or Death, Tributes of Respect Resolutions of Thanks, &c., are charged for as ordinary advertisements, but only half rates when paid for strictly in advance. At this rate 50 cents will pay for a simple announcement of Marriage or Death.

An extra charge will be made for double-column or triple-column advertisements.

Advertisements inserted once a week in Daily will be charged $1 00 per square for each insertion. Every other day, three-fourths of daily rate. Twice a week, two-thirds of daily rate.

Contract advertisers will not be allowed to exceed their space or advertise anything foreign to their regular business without extra charge at transient rates.

Advertisements kept under the head of "New Advertisements" will be charged fifty per cent. extra.

Advertisements to follow reading matter, or to occupy any special place, will be charged extra according to the position desired

The Morning Star.

By WILLIAM H. BERNARD.

WILMINGTON, N. C.

SUNDAY MORNING, JUNE 23, 1895

AND INQUIRY AND AN ANSWER.

The following, which we clip from the Richmond *Dispatch*, answers a question concerning which there is a good deal of misapprehension:

"A friend of ours, who has had several controversies with persons who are of the opinion that the silver dollar is at par, because (as they imagined) the Government would at any time exchange a silver dollar for a gold dollar, wrote to Washington for official information on the subject, and the following is the correspondence:

May 27, 1895.

Hon. John G. Carlisle:

Dear Sir,—Please let me know—

1. If a silver certificate (I do not mean a coin certificate) is presented at the Treasury, can holder, under the law, demand gold for it?

2 Can he first demand silver, and immediately legally demand that the Government exchange the silver for gold?

3 If he did make the demand, would it be acceded to?

4 Can a party holding, say one silver dollar or any number of silver dollars, legally demand from the Government that it be exchanged for gold?

Very respectfully,

TREASURY DEPARTMENT,
OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY,
WASHINGTON, D. C., June 17, 1895.

Sir—In reply to your letter of the 27th ultimo, you are informed that neither standard silver dollars nor silver certificates are redeemed by the government in gold. Silver dollars are standard coins of the United States, and, as such, are not redeemable at all; but they, as well as silver certificates, are receivable for all debts due to the United States. Silver certificates are, of course, redeemed in standard silver dollars.

Respectfully yours,
C. S. HAMLIN,
Assistant Secretary.

A good many people are under the impression that the parity between the silver dollars we now have and the gold dollars is maintained because the silver dollars are convertible into gold dollars, which is not the fact. The silver dollars are convertible into nothing and the parity is maintained simply because they are a legal tender and therefore possess the money quality; but they are not a legal tender to the bondholder and therefore there is no parity between the gold dollar and the silver dollar as far as he is concerned. The Government makes no effort to maintain the parity between the two coins, and all this talk about maintaining the parity is simply a delusion. By law the silver dollar is made a legal tender as between citizens of this country doing business with each other, and the Government receives it for customs and other dues. That makes it take the place of gold and gives it parity with gold inasmuch as it performs the same function. But when it comes to the bondholder the parity imparted by law is lost because the U. S. Treasury makes no effort to put it into practice but quietly ignores it, piles up the silver dollars, makes no effort to put them in circulation, but pays the bondholder and the demand note holder in gold.

In view of the fact that the silver dollar is not exchangeable with gold doesn't it seem like perpetrating a fraud when it is asserted that the parity between the present volume of silver and gold is maintained because there is a sufficient amount of gold in the country to maintain it, which would not be the case if free coinage prevailed? The effect and the intended effect of this assertion is to create the impression that the gold in the country gives standing and value to the silver, which in the popular misapprehension is convertible into gold. The silver dollar maintains its parity simply because it wears on its face the stamp of the Government which pronounces it a dollar in law and good to pay a dollar debt. That's what gives it its value, just as as it gives the gold coin its value. Deprive gold of its legal tender character and as far as business transactions between us are concerned it would become as valueless as copper as a money metal. It would be in demand only for its value as a commodity in the arts or for use in other countries where it had a legal tender quality.

Now, then, if $575,000,000 of silver coin are maintained on a parity with gold when not one dollar of it is exchangeable with gold and so maintained because of the legal tender quality imparted to it by law, why couldn't $575,000,000 more be maintained in the same way? Let the Government recognize and be governed by the same law that governs the citizen, receive the silver dollar and pay it out without discrimination and it will be at a parity then not only among the American people in their transactions with each other but with every one who has any claims on the Government. This would give it a parity in the full sense and make it money in the full sense.

There is neither business equity nor business sense or justice in requiring one man to take a silver dollar at its face value and paying another in gold. Let the Government cease the deceptive pretence of maintaining the parity between the yellow and the white coins by chucking the white coin back into the vaults, and paying out gold to the holder of redeemable obligations, who has no more reason or right to demand gold than the day laborer has. That is not maintaining the parity, it is simply ignoring silver, and to that extent making useless a metal which was good enough as money for everybody in this country until the conspiracy of 1873 succeeded in degrading it, and they followed this up five years later by establishing the gold reserve "to maintain the parity," which it doesn't do.

MINOR MENTION.

The hotel and restaurant keepers of New York are getting a taste of a new civil rights law recently enacted by the Legislature and there is considerable kicking in consequence. The law will do the colored people no good and simply encourages a certain class of negroes to take advantage of it to make a little money by instituting suits for damages, when they are not attended to as they think they ought to be, or to annoy the people who keep the better class of hotels and restaurants. The first one they lit on was Delmonico, who declined to serve them, and as a consequence paid $100 damages. The next colored speculator to come along was a Pullman Car porter. He was served sumptuously, as ordered, and also served with a bill which took the curl out of his hair. Other restaurant keepers permit them to come in, take seats, and pay no further attention to them. The waiters do not see them and as for hearing, they are as deaf as mile posts. And thus it will go on until the annoying class of colored swells are sufficiently amused, and that will be the end of it; but in the meantime they are doing their race a good deal of harm, and are intensifying whatever of prejudice may already exist. The feeling with which the law is regarded is thus expressed by a correspondent of the Baltimore *Sun*:

"A hotel man denounced the law as a political move, and predicts that it will lose the whole of the hotel vote and the vote of patrons of hotels to the Republican party. 'You'll see,' said he 'that the Republicans will find they've made a big mistake in passing that law. It will take thousands of votes away from them. I'm a Republican, but I'll never vote for any man that voted for that bill or had anything to do with passing it. To win a few votes by it the party will lose many.'"

The New York *Advertiser*, a Republican paper, commenting on the performances of the colored bloods who have been making the rounds of the hotels concludes thus:

"The solemn truth is that the colored man and brother will not benefit materially under this bill recently signed by the Governor. All the civil rights which he requires have heretofore been his for the asking, always provided that he had the price to pay for them. They still are his on the same condition, no more, no less. He will soon tire of the pastime of demanding them at Delmonico's and the New Netherland.

Fools white and black, posing as friends of the negroes, have done them more harm than all their enemies, real or imaginary, combined.

* * *

There is no country, ancient or modern, which has shown anything to compare with the progress and development of the United States in the last hundred years. This may be attributed to several causes such as the form of government which gives the individual the largest amount of liberty consistent with public order: the education of the masses, thus qualifying them for more intelligent and effective exertion; the great public domain thrown open to the world which invited immigration and brought to our shores millions of the sterling people of Europe; and the encouragement of inventive genius, which has multiplied labor-saving machinery and made the labor of one man in this country equivalent to the labor of many in other countries. Thus we have within a century become not only the greatest nation in productive capacity, and the greatest in industrial achievement, but with few exceptions the wealthiest country on the earth. In this wonderful development and progress too little account has been taken of the labor-saving machinery which has made it possible. The high tariff advocate will tell you that it has been the result of the fostering care of the protective tariff, and others will say it is the result of other public policies, ignoring entirely the work of the inventor which has enabled American industry to compete with the world. Speaking of this Statistician Mulhall, who has been writing on the growth of America, which he pronounces the most marvellous in the history of the world, finds that by the use of agricultural machinery one man in this country can feed 250 persons, while in Europe one man can feed only thirty. And the same is true, to a more or less extent, as to the productive power in other industries.

* * *

There are, according to the report of the Civil Service Commission, about 200,000 persons employed in the civil service of the United States, of whom about 50,000 come under the civil service rules. Of the 150,000 who do not come under them about 20,000 are laborers, 5,000 appointed by the President and confirmed by the Senate, 1,500 in the legislative branch and 2,668 in the judicial branch of the Government. Since President Cleveland entered upon his office 8,184 places have been brought under the civil service rules, to which are to be added 500 in the Agricultural Department. The probabilities are that considerable additions will be made to the civil service list before the end of President Cleveland's term. There is one advantage in this, if no more; it lessens the graceless scramble for places on the advent of every new administration.

CURRENT COMMENT.

—— Fine exhibitions are being given in Cleveland of the art of talking on both sides of a question, of conciliating the silver men with fair words while refusing them free coinage at 16 to 1. But the most impassioned oratory will be of little service in the campaign of 1896 unless the orator is willing to begin by stating clearly whether he is favor of the free coinage of silver at 16 to 1 or against it. The candidate who cannot answer that question without equivocation might as well retire from the campaign before the polls are opened.—*Phil. Ledger, Ind.*

—— No wonder the American flag is seldom, if ever, seen upon most of the seas of the world! Captain William Leavitt, of Portland, Me., an old skipper, has compiled from the records a list of all the full-rigged ships afloat now flying the Stars and Stripes, and he has found the aggregate number to be only 182. This is a sad showing for such a country as this with its two vast seaboards. America has lost nearly all of her fine old wooden vessels; where are her modern iron ships to take their place? The American Liner St. Louis, which fittingly ended her maiden voyage on the eve of Flag day, and the St. Paul will long be twin wonders of the deep, but how long are they destined to be the lonely giantesses of the new American merchant marine?—*Philadelphia Record, Dem.*

SPIRITS TURPENTINE.

— Washington *Progress*: The tobacco crop on the south side of the river between here and Grimesland is good. There are many new tobacco barns going up.

— Smithfield *Herald*. We are sorry to note the untimely death of the eighteen-months-old boy of Mr. James Beasly, who lives a few miles below here. A box of concentrated lye was left open in the yard where some clothes were being washed. The child found the lye and drank some of it before it was discovered. He drank the lye on Thursday and died in intense agony on Friday.

— Sanford *Express*: We are informed that the Glenden & Gulf Railroad is soon to be extended on up the valley of Deep river. The terminus of this road will be Asheboro very probably. ——The farmers are very much discouraged over the prospects for a crop. The weather is too cool for cotton to grow and the cut worms are playing havoc with young corn.

— Columbus *News*: A very sad accident happened to Mr. J. W. Rouse yesterday morning, and one that may prove to be a very serious one. Mr. Rouse was coming out of Mr. High's warehouse on the "wharf" with a turn of lumber, when the steps slipped with him and threw him with the lumber on top of him with such force that he was insensible for some time. The extent of the damage is not yet known, but several ribs are broken, and other and more serious internal injuries are probable.

— Winston *Sentinel*: Mr. George W. Hinshaw has entered suit against the Raleigh & Augusta Air Line Railroad Company for injuries sustained a few years ago by a defective pair of steps to the car in which he was riding. Mr. Hinshaw was travelling from Pittsboro to Monroe. The accident occurred it getting off the train at the latter place. Since that time he has been a great sufferer and was forced to undergo a serious surgical operation. Mr. Hinshaw places his damages at $30,000.

— Charlotte *News*: Messrs. J. L. Crowell, of Concord, V. Manney and J. M. Badgett, of Jackson Hill, will erect a $100,000 cotton mill at Yadkin Falls. A good water power will be utilized for power. —— Two boys named Lambert and Reid, about 15 years of age, got into a difficulty at Biddleville this afternoon which resulted in a broken skull for young Reid. Lambert threw a rock at Reid and struck him above the ear and crushed the bone next to the brain. The boy's condition is serious, if not fatal.

TWINKLINGS

— Mrs. Pelt—Did she catch a nobleman?

Mrs. Hyde—Oh, no.

Mrs. Pelt—Ah, one of the landed gentry?

Mrs. Hyde—I presume so. At least he was after she "landed" him.—*Detroit Free Press.*

— Little Boy—Our new horse is half Arabian.

Father—Think so?

Little Boy—Yep. He hasn't the star and crescent on his nose, but he's got the star. That's half of it.—*Good News.*

— 'He called me a gibbering idiot," shouted the violent man. "Now I ask you candidly, what do you think of that?"

"I should first wish to know just what he meant by gibbering," rejoined the cautious party.—*Detroit Tribune*

—Mrs. Highup—"Woman's work is never done."

Mrs. Wayup.—"Too true. A man may get rich and retire from business, but a woman must go on making and receiving calls to the day of her death."—*New York Weekly.*

— Sir George—Look here, John. My lady complains that when you see her in the street you never salute her. What do you mean by it?

John—Beggin' your pardin, Sir George, but in a book on ettyketty which I pos ess it is set down that the lady ought to bow first.—*Household Words.*

A MOTHER'S GIFT.

The following lines were written by a mother inside a Bible which she gave her boy when he left home:

Remember, love, who gave you this,
When other days shall come;
When she who had the earliest kiss
Sleeps in her narrow home,
Remember, 'twas a mother gave
The gift to one she'd die to save.

That mother sought a pledge of love,
The holiest, for her son;
And from the gifts of God above,
She chose a godly one;
She chose for her beloved boy
The guide to light, and life, and joy.

And bade him keep the gift—that when
The parting hour should come,
They might have hope to meet again
In her eternal home.
She said his faith in this would be
Sweet incense to her memory.

And should the scoffer, in his pride,
Laugh that fond gift to scorn,
And bid him cast the gift aside,
That he from youth had borne—
She bade him pause, and ask his breast
If he or she had loved him best?

A parent's blessing on her son
Goes with this holy thing;
The love that would retain the one
Must to the other cling.
Remember, 'tis no idle toy,
A mother's gift. Remember, boy!

SUNDAY SELECTIONS.

— Life is only so far valuable as it serves for the religious education of the heart.—*Mde. de Stael.*

— There is no human life so poor and small as not to hold many a divine possibility.—*James Martineau.*

— Be brief; for it is with words as with sunbeams—the more they are condensed the deeper they burn.—*Dr. Southey.*

— The best cure for sorrow is to sympathize with another in his sorrow. The cure for despondency is to lift the burden from some other heart.

— Wouldst thou discover nature's true path to happiness? Listen to her first command: Labor. The hours fly swiftly to him who has daily occupation; a lifetime creep slowly away with the idle.—*Leopold.*

— There is no life so humble that if it be true and genuine y human and obedient to God, it may not hope to shed some of His light. There is no life so meager that the greatest and wisest of us can afford to despise it.—*Phillips Brooks.*

— As the ice upon the mountain when the warm breath of the Summer sun breathes upon it melts and divides it drops, each of which reflects an image of the sun, so life, in the smile of God's love, divides itself into several forms, each bearing in it reflecting an image of God's love.—*Longfellow.*

LABRADOR SOCIETY.

At One Mission Worshipers Are Called to Church With a Flag.

In winter Labrador is simply frozen out from the rest of the world. One "komitick," or dog sled, mail reaches some of the more southerly settlements late in the spring. The Moravian missionaries at the Eskimo villages farther north endeavor at least once a winter to visit by komitick the few scattered white settlers within 100 miles or so of the missions. Sometimes the komitick is overtaken by a severe snowstorm before shelter can be obtained. Then the missionary and his Eskimo driver dig a deep ditch down in the snow and camp in the bottom. The gases from the campfire prevent the snow from floating in, and the travelers are sheltered from the icy blasts.

At Battle Harbor, Labrador, where there is a church—there are only two churches, I think, on the Labrador coast south of the Moravian missions—they have a public sewing machine, and one long winter when the kerosene oil supply became very low the women gathered at the parsonage and did their sewing by the parsonage lamp. As the Battle Harbor mission is too poor to furnish the wee church with a bell the rector signals the call to service with a flag. High among the rocks at Little Bay, Newfoundland, I saw two little churches. One of these had a small belfry perched on a still higher rock. The other's bell swung from a tall spar, and to ring it one was obliged to climb a ladder much like the shrouds of a vessel.

The dog sled is also the regular method of winter traveling over the frozen bays of Newfoundland, only it is drawn by Newfoundland dogs instead of by the half wolfish Eskimo canines upon which the men of Labrador have to rely. The Eskimo dogs, with the equally savage mosquitoes, make life ashore a burden during summer in Labrador. A stick to beat off the dogs and a veil as a protection against the mosquitoes are absolutely necessary. It is a curious fact that the farther north you go the more pestiferous the mosquitoes become. They are worse in Labrador than in New Jersey and are still worse in Greenland than even in Labrador.—Gustav Kobbe in St. Nicholas.

Drawing Wire.

One of the most interesting mechanical processes as now practiced is that resorted to for the drawing of wire. The rod is received by the wire drawer in the form of a coil, the rod being of varying section and the coil of a weight depending upon the purpose for which it is intended. One end of the rod is pointed and somewhat reduced by machinery, and the coil receives a bath in mild acid to remove all oxidation, then is washed in lime water to give a drawing surface, and finally dried in a suitable oven. When ready for drawing, the pointed rod is inserted in one of the holes of a drawing plate, the latter being generally of steel, though cast iron is in some cases used; the drawing holes are conical and the rod is inserted from the larger end, while on the other side of the plate the pointed end is seized by power pinchers and pulled until enough has been drawn through to allow of its being passed around and fastened to a drum or reel which is driven by power. Of course the rod is reduced in area and much elongated, and this without any perceptible loss of metal.

While passing through the plate it is kept lubricated with what is called wire drawers' soap or grease, and after being drawn through this first hole it is put through a series of smaller holes until it has been brought down to the requisite size. But the compression and disturbance of the structure of the rod consequent upon these reductions have hardened it so much that at certain stages it is necessary to stop the process and soften the metal by annealing. It is then again washed in acid, etc., and the drawing resumed.—New York Sun.

Doctors' Unpaid Bills.

There is a law firm in the city whose business consists entirely of the collection of doctors' bills. One of the firm, curiously enough, is a constable.

"Does your business show that a majority of patients pay their accounts?" was asked of one of the firm.

"No. People have an idea that doctors got rich. If they do, it is not from their fees. We have accounts from one doctor aggregating $48,800."—Chicago Tribune.

John Y. MacRae, druggist, Raleigh, N. C., writes: "Some of the cures made by the Japanese Pile Cure is wonderful, and from my dealings with you for the past three years, I know your guarantee is perfectly good." J. HICKS BUNTING, J. H. HARDIN.

Cure for Headache.

As a remedy for all forms of Headache Electric Bitters has proved to be the very best. It effects a permanent cure and the most dreaded habitual sick headaches yield to its influence. We urge all who are afflicted to procure a bottle and give this remedy a fair trial. In cases of habitual constipation Electric Bitters cures by giving the needed tone to the bowels, and few cases long resist the use of this medicine. Try it once. Large bottles only Fifty cents at R. R. BELLAMY'S Drug Store.

MECCA BY STEALTH.

IT WAS THUS THAT A FRENCHMAN SAW THE HOLY CITY.

M. Gervais Courtellemont Made the Perilous Journey on a Mission For the Governor of Algiers—The Second Frenchman to Make the Trip and Return Alive.

M. Gervais Courtellemont told the Geographical society in Paris of his visit to the holy city on a mission intrusted to him by the governor general of Algeria. This gentleman is the author of a series of illustrated works on Mussulman countries, and he was very glad of the opportunity to become acquainted with the center of the Mohammedan world. Only one Frenchman before him has visited Mecca and returned in safety.

"Last year," he said, "the governor general of Algeria intrusted me with a mission to the grand sheriff of Mecca. I succeeded in my difficult enterprise, and I owe my success to my companion, Hadj Akli, who has long been in the service of France, and has made 21 pilgrimages to Mecca. When we embarked at Suez, I was dressed in the garb of a poor Mussulman, and I mingled as one of them with my brother pilgrims. There were merchants from Medina, a devout company from Aleppo, camel drivers from Nedj, and even slaves. I became very well acquainted with many of my comrades during the three days on the steamer before we reached Jidda. Here debark every year the innumerable pilgrims who come by the sea route. I had hardly landed when I was arrested by a Turkish policeman during the momentary absence of my comrade. He plied me with questions, which I answered in good Arabic, and, as my passport was all right, he let me go. I found, however, that I was under suspicion. No one invited me to breakfast or dinner, which is a very bad sign in a Mohammedan country.

"Finally one of the residents, Si Ali, asked me to dine with him, and I nearly spoiled everything by my awkwardness at the table. Hadj Akli had little patience with me. His remarks when he got me alone were not encouraging.

"'You are scarcely intelligent,' he said. 'You do not know how to behave at the table. You will not live to see Mecca.'

"My host, Si Ali, was not more hopeful in his remarks. 'You have broken bread with me,' he said, 'and I am your friend. But do not try to go to Mecca. The sands of the desert are white with the bones of those like you who have tried to reach our holy city. You are throwing yourself into the fire. Allah forbids suicide.'"

The traveler said, however, that he was a good Mohammedan, and that if Allah wished to destroy him in the desert it was his fate. The next day Si Ali assisted him in his religious exercises and expressed himself as little satisfied with his manner of reciting the morning prayer. He was kind enough to assist for two days in the novice's education, and then M. Courtellemont set out for the holy city. His departure was hurried by the fact that he was exciting more and more suspicion. He did not pretend to be anything but a new convert, but even as a novice he was regarded as rather green. So he was glad to get away from Jidda. He made a forced march to Mecca, during which he suffered intensely from the night cold, for he was mounted half naked on a donkey, and his head was shaven and bare. His best friends would not have recognized him. His comrades on the journey, who had not thought it necessary to manifest so much religious zeal, were well wrapped in ample clothing.

"At break of day," said the traveler, "I entered the holy city of Islam. A cloud of pigeons flew around me and even obstructed my path, and I trembled for fear of treading on them. This would be a very grave offense, for they are held in the highest veneration by the people of Mecca. I lost no time in repairing to the great mosque to make my first devotions. The first ceremony, the Tuaf, is to make seven times the circuit of the Caaba, or Bit Alla, House of God, reciting prayers in a loud voice. The Caaba is an edifice in the form of a cube, each side about 40 feet wide and 50 feet high. It is covered with a veil of black silk, with a splendid golden border about four feet wide running around the top, on which are reproduced verses from the Koran.

"After I had made the seven circuits of the Caaba at a rapid pace I was at liberty to embrace the black stone. This stone is about the height of a man, and is set into one of the angles of the Caaba. When the lips are touched to it, it does not give the cold sensation of marble. For protection the most of it is incased in solid silver, and, according to usage, I threw my arms around this glistening covering while I kissed the sacred stone.

"A more arduous ceremonial, the Sai, was to follow. I was required to travel seven times at a very rapid pace over the road between the sacred portiocos Safa and Merua, a total distance of 4½ miles, reciting prayers all the while in a high voice. The ceremony is in memory of the anguish of Hagar when she sought in vain for water for her little son, who was perishing of thirst. The pilgrim is required to make this journey before he is permitted to drink of the miraculous water of the wells of Zem-Zem, to which the angel Gabriel directed the despairing Hagar."

Among the interesting things he saw was the ruins of a building erected not long ago for the purpose of disinfecting the clothing of pilgrims as they arrived in the city. The idea was given up as impracticable, and the building was torn down.

"How could they expect," asks M. Courtellemont, "to disinfect the clothing of more than 250,000 pilgrims in a little building that was only 35 by 40 feet square? And why did they erect such an establishment in the city itself, when their sole purpose was to protect the city from epidemics?"

So Mecca continues to be one of the greatest of centers from which the plague of cholera spreads in all directions.—Paris Letter.

Cradle of Indian Babies.

When you go through an Indian camp, you can see red and green sacks standing against the sides of the tepees, carried on the backs of little girls by means of a blanket which is fastened at the waist with a broad leather belt, or being rocked to and fro by the wind in the boughs of cottonwood trees. These sacks are Indian cradles. Sometimes, if the camp is going on a long journey in search of game or for water, or to escape a war party, two of these sacks are fastened together by stout straps and swung over the back of a pony, one dangling on each side, like the baskets on a pack mule. But as a rule the horses are left for the men and boys to ride, and the papooses are either carried by the girls or packed away on a "travoise," which is the only wagon the Indians have.—New York World.

Bucklen's Arnica Salve.

THE BEST SALVE in the world for Cuts, Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Fever Sores, Tetter, Chapped Hands, Chilblains, Corns, and all Skin Eruptions and positively cures Piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box. For sale by R R BELLAMY.

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The Discovery Saved His Life.

Mr. G. Caillouette, Druggist, Beaversville, Ill., says: "To Dr. King's New Discovery I owe my life. Was taken with La Grippe and tried all the physicians for miles about, but of no avail and was given up and told I could not live. Having Dr. King's New Discovery in mys tore I sent for a bottle and began its use and from the first dose began to get better, and after using three bottles was up and about again. It is worth its weight in gold. We won't keep store or house without it." Get a free trial at R. R. Bellamy's Drug Store.

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High Grade Tobacco
AND
ABSOLUTELY PURE

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A BUNCH OF LEGS.

How a Spider Captured and Was Cheated Out of His Prey.

A correspondent writes that he was lying in a hammock reading one warm afternoon when his attention was attracted by a loud buzzing directly overhead. On looking up to see what was the matter, he found that a big fly, with legs twice as long as its body, had become entangled in a spider's web.

The fly struggled to free itself, but the web, though bent and stretched, would not break. The only parts of the fly which did not become ensnared were those tremendous legs.

The spider must have been astonished at the size of his unwilling visitor and advanced cautiously to make a closer inspection.

The fly was making every effort to escape. Its legs were whirling round and round like the arms of an old fashioned windmill, while the contortions of its body shook the whole web like an earthquake. The spider seemed to realize that he had a contract in hand which would require considerable thought before it could be successfully carried out.

But a spider rarely gives up, and after a few moments of meditation this fellow made his plans and was soon hard at work. I could see by his motions that he was spinning threads and casting them over the fly's legs as fast as they were spun. In a very short time so many of the threads had been wrapped around the legs of the fly that they were no longer able to kick.

Then the spider spun another thread about four inches long and fastened it somewhere among the former ones. Grabbing hold of the free end, he began to haul, just as a sailor does when he is helping to hoist a sail, and at every tug the fly's legs were drawn closer and closer together until they were all in a bunch hard and fast.

Now comes the astonishing part of the story. When a person is in great danger or near death, he is apt to make a strong effort to save himself, and that is just what the fly did. By a little extra squirming it freed its wings, and then with a mighty convulsive jerk it wrenched itself clear of the web, but left every one of its legs behind.

Can you imagine the surprise of the spider? He darted down to the insignificant bunch that was left and tasted of it, and I verily believe that with a microscope I might have seen genuine disgust written all over his face. Those bony remains must have contained very little of the juices that a spider loves so well.

The legs were cut loose from the web and fell to the ground at my feet, while the spider retired to his darkest corner, where he evidently gave himself up to a fit of the sulks.—Youth's Companion.

Burns gave little indication of his genius in his features, which were those of the typical Scottish peasant. The only good point in his face was his eye.

Wholesale Prices Current.

☞ The following quotations represent Wholesa Prices generally. In making up small orders highe prices have to be charged.

The quotations are always given as accurately a possible, but the STAR will not be responsible for any variations from the actual market price of the articles quoted.

BAGGING—			
2-lb Jute		@	6
Standard	7½@	@	7
WESTERN SMOKED—			
Hams ₩ lb	13½@	@	14
Sides ₩ lb	9½@	@	10
Shoulders ₩ lb		@	8½
DRY SALTED—			
Sides ₩ lb	7 @	@	7¼
Shoulders ₩ lb	6½@	@	
BARRELS— Spirits Turpentine—			
Second-hand, each		@	1 15
New No. 1 York, each	1 35	@	1 40
New City, each		@	1 40
BEESWAX ₩ lb		@	25
BRICKS—			
Wilmington, ₩ M	6 50	@	7 00
Northern	9 00	@	14 00
BUTTER—			
North Carolina, ₩ lb	15		
Northern	23	@	
CORN MEAL—			
Per bushel, in sacks	60	@	60½
Virginia Meal	55	@	65
COTTON TIES— ₩ bundle		@	70
CANDLES— ₩ lb—			
Sperm	18	@	25
Adamantine	9	@	10
CHEESE— ₩ lb—			
Northern Factory	10	@	11
Dairy, Cream	11	@	12
State		@	10
COFFEE— ₩ lb—	27@	@	28
Laguyra	26	@	28
Rio	15@	@	19
DOMESTICS—			
Sheeting, 4-4, ₩ yard		@	6½
Yarns, ₩ bunch	15	@	20
EGGS— ₩ dozen	11	@	10
FISH			
Mackerel, No. 1, ₩ barrel	22 00	@	30 00
Mackerel, No. 1, ₩ half-barrel	11 00	@	15 00
Mackerel, No. 2 ₩ barrel	16 00	@	18 00
Mackerel, No. 2 ₩ half-barrel	8 00	@	9 00
Mackerel, No. 3, ₩ barrel	13.00	@	14 00
Mullets, ₩ barrel	3 25	@	3 50
Mullets, ₩ pork barrel		@	6 50
N. C. Herring ₩ box	3 50	@	4 00
Dry Cod, ₩ lb	5	@	10
" Extra	3 25	@	3 50
Second Patent	3 50	@	4 00
City Mills—Super		@	2 90
" Family	3 25	@	3 75
FLOUR—₩ barrel—			
Low grade	3 25	@	3.75
Choice	4 00	@	4 75
Straight	4 50	@	4 75
First Patent	5 00	@	5 25
GLUE— ₩ lb	7½@	@	10
GRAIN— ₩ bushel—			
Corn, from store, bags—White	57	@	57½
Corn, cargo, in bulk—White		@	56
Corn, cargo, in bags—White		@	60
Oats, from store		@	45
Oats, Rust Proof		@	53
Cow Peas	90	@	1 00
HIDES, ₩ lb—			
Green		@	4
Dry		@	8½
HAY, ₩ 100 lbs—			
Eastern		@	1 00
Western		@	90
North River		@	90
HOOP IRON, ₩ lb	2	@	3½
LARD, ₩ lb—			
Northern	8½@	@	9@
North Carolina	8½@	@	9
LIME, ₩ barrel		@	1 25
LUMBER (city sawed) ₩ M feet—			
Ship Stuff, resawed	18 00	@	20 00
Rough-Edge Plank	15 00	@	16 00
West India cargoes, according to quality	13 00	@	18 00
Dressed Flooring, seasoned	18 00	@	22 00
Scantling and Board, common	14 00	@	15 00
MOLASSES, ₩ gallon—			
New Crop Cuba, in hhds		@	26
" in bbls		@	26
Porto Rico, in hhds	25	@	27½
" in bbls		@	27
Sugar-House, in hhds		@	14
" in bbls		@	16
Syrup, in bbls	18	@	45
NAILS, ₩ keg, Cut, 40d basis	1 90	@	1 40
PORK, ₩ bu—			
City		@	15 50
Rump		@	15 00
Prime		@	15 00
PORK, ₩	10	@	12
HAMS, ₩		@	75
SHOULDERS, ₩		@	06
LARD, ₩		@	55
SHINGLES, ₩ M—	45	@	1 00
Common	5 00	@	7 00
Cypress	2 00	@	2 50
Cypress Hearts	4 50	@	5 00
SUGAR, ₩ lb—Standard Granulated		@	4½
Standard A		@	4½
White Ex C		@	4½
Extra C, Golden		@	4½
C, Yellow		@	4½
O A P, ₩—Northern	3½@	@	
TAVES, ₩ M—W O, Barrel	8 00	@	14
R O Hogshead		@	10 00
TIMBER, ₩ M feet—Shipping	10	@	9 00
Mill, Prime	00	@	7 00
Mill, Fair	5 00	@	6 00
Common Mill	4 00	@	3 50
Inferior to Ordinary	3 00	@	3 00
TALLOW, ₩ lb	5	@	5
WHISKEY, ₩ gallon—Northern	1 00	@	2
North Carolina	1 00	@	2
WOOL, ₩ lb—Washed	15@	@	
Clear of burs	13@	@	
Burry		@	

COMMERCIAL.

WILMINGTON MARKET.

STAR OFFICE, June 22.

SPIRITS TURPENTINE—Firm at 26 cents per gallon bid for country and 26½ cents bid for standard casks.

ROSIN.—Market firm at $1 15 per bbl. for Strained and $1.20 for Good Strained.

TAR.—Market quiet at $1 20 per bbl. of 280 lbs.

CRUDE TURPENTINE—Market quiet at $1 20 for Hard, $1 80 for Yellow Dip and $2 25 for Virgin.

COTTON—Dull.

Ordinary	4½	cts ₩ lb
Good Ordinary	5⅝	" "
Low Middling	6 7-16	" "
Middling	6⅞	" "
Good Middling	7 3-16	" "

RECEIPTS.

Cotton	101 bales
Spirits Turpentine	319 casks
Rosin	1,018 bbls
Tar	103 bbls
Crude Turpentine	132 bbls

DOMESTIC MARKETS.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star

FINANCIAL.

NEW YORK, June 22—Evening—Money on call 1@1½ per ct. Prime mercantile paper 3@3½ per cent. Sterling exchange was firm; actual business in bankers' bills at 488½@489 for sixty days and 489¼@489¾ for demand. Commercial bills 487½@488¼. Government bonds firm; United States coupon fours 118½; United States twos 97. State bonds quiet; North Carolina fours 102½; North Carolina sixes 125. Railroad bonds higher.

Silver at the Stock Exchange to-day was 66⅝@67.

COMMERCIAL.

NEW YORK, June 22—Evening Cotton—middling gulf 7 7-16; middling uplands 7 3-16c.

Futures closed barely steady, with sales of 63,100 bales; June 6.84c; July 6.84c; August 6.88; September 6.92c; October 6.98c November 6

Children Cry

FOR PITCHER'S

Castoria

Castoria promotes Digestion, and overcomes Flatulency, Constipation, Sour Stomach, Diarrhœa, and Feverishness. Thus the child is rendered healthy and its sleep natural. Castoria contains no Morphine or other narcotic property.

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COMPLEXION POWDER.

POZZONI'S

Combines every element of beauty and purity. It is beautifying, soothing, healing, healthful, and harmless, and when rightly used is invisible. A most delicate and desirable protection to the face in this climate.

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feb 1y

FOR MAN AND BEAST!

Mexican Mustang Liniment

CURES

Sciatics,	Scratches,	Contracted
Lumbago,	Sprains,	Muscles,
Rheumatism,	Strains,	Eruptions,
Burns,	Stitches,	Hoof Ail,
Scalds,	Stiff Joints,	Screw
Stings,	Backache,	Worms,
Bites,	Galls,	Swinney,
Bruises,	Sores,	Saddle Galls,
Bunions,	Spavin	Piles.
Corns,	Cracks.	

THIS GOOD OLD STAND-BY

accomplishes for everybody exactly what is claimed forit. One of the reasons for the great popularity of the Mustang Liniment is found in its universal applicability. Everybody needs such a medicine.

The Lumberman needs it in case of accident.

The Housewife needs it for general family use.

The Canaler needs it for his teams and his men.

The Mechanic needs it always on his work bench.

The Miner needs it in case of emergency.

The Pioneer needs it—can't get along without it.

The Farmer needs it in his house, his stable, and his stock yard.

The Steamboat man or the Boatman needs it in liberal supply afloat and ashore.

The Horse-fancier needs it—it is his best friend and safest reliance.

The Stock-grower needs it—it will save him thousands of dollars and a world of trouble.

The Railroad man needs it and will need it so long as his life is a round of accidents and dangers.

The Backwoodsman needs it. There is nothing like it as an antidote for the dangers to life, limb and comfort which surround the pioneer.

The Merchant needs it about his store among his employees. Accidents will happen, and when these come the Mustang Liniment is wanted at once.

Keep a Bottle in the House. 'Tis the best of economy.

Keep a Bottle in the Factory. Its immediate use in case of accident saves pain and loss of wages.

Keep a Bottle Always in the Stable for use when wanted.

The Morning Star.

SEPARATION.

Life in a dull and chill abeyance stands,
Beloved, when thou art gone.
Frozen beneath the winter's bands,
I watch the days creep on

Today, among the willows, cold and curled,
A bird sang of the spring—
Come, for my heart waits, too, as all the world,
Breathless, its blossoming.
—Dorothea Lummis in Kate Field's Washington.

IN THE GREENROOM.

One evening at the Odeon, when they were playing the "Depit Amoureux" as a curtain raiser, and the beautiful Sophie Cherubin, who personated Marinette, was still on the stage, Fabreo—you know, perfectly well, Fabreo, the deputy with the golden beard who has so young an air despite his 40 years—half opened the door of the dressing room without knocking and called out, "Cuckoo!"

He was not a little disappointed to find the dressing room empty. Then Constance, the old dresser, came out from behind the screen:

"If monsieur will have the goodness to be seated, madame will return in five minutes."

Fabreo let himself drop into a tapestried armchair, crossed his legs, tapped his patent leather boots with the tip of his cane and lost himself in reflections, while the old woman arranged the little things on the dressing table.

After all, for what had he come here? Not from love. Hardly from desire. One day, when he had urged his claims, she had said to him, with a show of reason:

"Listen, Fabreo. You are very nice, but I have 40,000 francs of debts, and for you the beautiful days of Panama are finished. Come here to gossip when you will, but we will never be other than good comrades." Frankly she was right. Nevertheless an attraction drew him always in that direction, content to obtain here and there li[illegible] privileges. He amused himself near this woman of a profession so beautiful and gay and laughed heartily at her sallies of wit and cynicism, and then again it was necessary to kill time. While meditating Fabreo regarded mechanically the dresser and was brusquely dragged from his reverie by the face of the little old woman that he saw reflected in the glass. What a ruin! What heart breaking ugliness! Dry as a stick, wrinkled as a winter apple, scanty hair the color of ashes and eyes like the dead. To think she had been a woman, perhaps pretty, doubtless loved!

She ought to be 65 years old, and Fabreo, who was kind hearted, pitied this lamentable old woman working until the end. He felt also a disgust to see this sorceress in her shabby black touching the laces, the silver brushes, the blond tortoise shell combs and all the delicate and perfumed objects de luxe which shone on the dressing table of the actress. Suddenly the door opened, and Sophie Cherubin appeared with a rose in her hair. The beautiful brune was as fresh a bouquet and sparkling with youth, beauty and the pretense of effrontery.

"Ah, Fabrec," cried she joyously, "you have come just in time. We are going to give a little farce at a benefit at the Gaite. They will call for us soon, but in the meantime we will talk while Constance prepares my things. Sit down and be good."

The dresser had already passed behind the screen. They joked, and, according to her wont, Sophie began to tease the handsome deputy about the number of his successes in the theatrical world. Was it still true his devotion to the singer at the Nouveaute's? But Fabreo was discreet. The veritable lady's man is always so, because he loves women for themselves and not from silly vanity. To Sophie's questions he responded only by pleasantries, admitting nothing.

She became a little vexed. How suspicious he was! Truly? She had never been able to make him recount one of his successes behind the scenes—not one! "Eh bien, ma chere," responded Fabrec, smiling, "since you are so tenacious on this point I am going to tell you about my first passion."

"For an actress?"

"Yes, only I warn you it did not happen in the Rue de Richelieu and the heroine was not a societaire. I was 19 years old, I had just begun my law studies, but I was naif and timid. One evening I went to the little theater of the Gobelins, where I was overcome with love for the young premiere, Blanche Lilas, the moment she appeared on the stage. Was she young? Was she pretty? I ask myself today when I know that the beauty of an actress may disappear with some cold cream and two towels, and that ingenues generally have a son who is a lieutenant of cavalry or a sous prefet. But then Mlle. Blanche Lilas appeared to me the most fascinating of women. I no longer lived but to dream of her and then to admire her upon the boards of the Gobelins, the Montparnasse or Grenelle—for the troop moved about. I sold all my old books to the stallkeeper in the Rue Cujas, and thanks to Blanche Lilas I know all the plays of that day. Ah, she was charming in Polder! She is the only woman for whom I have ever made verses. They were execrable, but sincere, and I have never understood how I had the audacity to send them to her. The vacation was spent with my family in the country. I passed it counting the days, and when I returned to Paris I ran to the Gobelins, then to Montparnasse, then to Grenelle. The name of my idol did not figure upon one of the posters. The anxiety, the frightful anxiety, that I felt gave me the courage to enter the theater and make inquiries, when I found that Mlle. Blanche Lilas had not been re-engaged, and that they did not know what had become of her. Eh bien, ma chere amie, believe me, if you will, that that day I felt the most miserable, the most bitter grief of love, and for long months I was not consoled."

"And is that all?" asked the comedienne.

"Without doubt."

"Fabrec, you are a hoaxer, and you mock me with your souvenirs of your student days"—

Suddenly the comedienne's maid interrupted them, saying:

"Madame, madame, the monsieurs and the ladies are getting into the carriages. They are waiting only for you." And the voice of the manager was heard up the stairway:

"Mlle. Cherubin! Quick! We are late!"

In a moment the waiting woman had enveloped Sophie in her furs, taken the packages from the hands of the dresser, and the two women had flown away with an "Au revoir, Fabrec," from the actress.

The deputy was about to start in his turn when old Constance approached him, and lifting her face full of misery murmured timidly:

"Monsieur!"

"Hein? What, my good woman?"

"I have a request to make of you. Voila, I am ill. I no longer have my health, and it is with difficulty I do my work. I would like to be admitted into a hospital for incurables."

"Very well, the next time I come you can give me a note," responded Fabreo absently.

But the dresser had not finished. "And then, monsieur, there is a thing which will perhaps interest you further. I have heard everything when you were talking with madam. I am Blanche Lilas."

Fabreo made an involuntary exclamation and recoiled a step. Blanche Lilas! Blanche Lilas so horrible an old beggar, with the face of a death mask, he cried nervously, almost fearfully:

"How old are you, then?"

The old woman smiled pitifully: "Not so old as I appear, it is true. I have had so much misfortune," she groaned. "I am now 62, and I was already 41 years old when you first saw me. One cannot judge of the age of an actress from the stalls, as you said a moment ago, but that did not prevent my receiving my dismissal that very year because they found me too old. Misery followed immediately. Three months after leaving the theater I was working in a kitchen. Not very long after that an old friend who plays the dolard here got me this place of dresser. But I am at the end of my strength. There is nothing but a hospital that will please me now. My request is to the public assistance. You can ask in my real name, Constance Poirean. And since in the days, monsieur, you have paid me attention"—

She stopped, as though ashamed, as though fearing to displease in insisting upon this souvenir to the man whose aid she solicited. Happily for her he was kind hearted.

"I will go. I will go tomorrow," said he in a voice that trembled a little. "Rest assured I will strike the officers of the hospitals and put fire under their stomachs. And if for the moment"—his fingers were at his pocket hole—"I can be useful"—

She made a dignified gesture of refusal.

"Thank you, monsieur, all that I desire is to enter the hospital. There with my little annuity from the Society of Artists I will be perfectly happy."

With a cordial movement before quitting her he extended his hand. When she had put her own wrinkled and dry hand in his, he could not repress a shudder to think that 20 years before he would have cried with joy if he had been able to depose upon that same hand his timid kiss of adolescence.—From the French of Francois Coppee.

Reached the Point at Last.

It takes some persons a long time to come to the point of a story. They are lacking in that quality which newspaper men term "news sense," or, in other words, they do not appreciate the value of giving prominence to the important factor of their information.

It was such a one as this, a Pennsylvania Dutchman, by the way, who participated in a brief dialogue with a newspaper correspondent one day last summer. The man had been sent on a long journey to obtain some information and eventually brought up at a house which proved to be vacant.

Proceeding to the house of the nearest neighbor, the Dutchman, he asked: "Can you tell me where I can find Jane Smith? She's not at home?"

"Nein, Chane's nod ad home."

"Well, where is she?"

"She's gone the cemetery down."

"Can you tell me where the cemetery is? But never mind. Perhaps you know when she'll come back?"

"Oh, she won't come back already any more."

"Why?"

"'Cause she's gone to stay. She's det!"—New York Herald.

Fooling the Busy Bee.

Mock bees and spiders! A writer shows that some flowers form a striking exception to the rule of cross fertilization. The bee and fly orchids, for example, which would be much more commonly seen on our English chalk downs but for the ravages of greedy collectors, fertilize themselves and do not want to be bothered by buzzing bees and flies. So a cunning device has been resorted to. No bee will enter a flower in which another bee is already at work. Therefore to protect the entrance the lip is enlarged into a process exactly resembling the hind quarters of a bee (in the fly orchid it resembles a large fly). To the spider orchids, another British species, it seems to have occurred how a still more trying shock might be administered to the nerves of troublesome insects, so it displays in its orifice the likeness of a large spider. —London News.

Revenge.

Customer—Waiter, what is there for dinner today?

Waiter (under notice to leave)—Oh, the same as usual—tough steaks, leathery fowls, sinewy beef and flavorless mutton.—London Tit-Bits.

Monkey Drummers.

Captain T. C. Carew, an ex-officer of the British army who during his military career spent a good deal of his time in Africa, tells the following amusing incident: "A short distance from the little village in which our troops were stationed was a large forest which was infested by chimpanzees of great stature, who made almost nightly raids on the town and barracks, carrying away anything they took a fancy to.

"On one occasion a member of this intelligent tribe stole a drum from one of our tents and made off with it to the forest, beating it as he ran.

"The monkey took the drum to the headquarters of his own 'people,' who were evidently much charmed with it, and we often afterward heard the monkeys beating it vigorously.

"Sometimes in the middle of the night we would be awakened by some sleepless chimpanzee beating the drum with might and main.

"Just what the other chimpanzees thought of this midnight musical performance was never known, but from the fact that it created no war among them we were forced to conclude that they liked it."—New York Journal.

The Robber Robbed.

"I remember, a long time ago," said a burglar, "going late one night into a room in which there was one man sleeping. His clothes were on a chair near the head of the bed. I was bending over these clothes and about to take them out to the hall when the man suddenly woke up. Without a moment's hesitation he threw his arms around me. I was young then and strong, but this man was four times as strong as I was. I think he could have crushed me to a jelly if he had wanted. As it was he put me out of the house with the greatest ease. But before he did that he carried me over to the table and lit a light. As he looked at me my watch chain caught his eye, and, do you know, that man took my watch and chain and kept them!—London Tit-Bits.

His Reward.

Grocer—What have you been doing in the cellar so long?

Grocer's Apprentice—I have been cleaning out the treacle measure. It was so choked up that it didn't hold more'n half a quart.

Grocer—Oh, that's what you've been doing, have you? Well, you take your hat and go home and tell your father to put you into the tract distributing business. You ain't fitted for the grocery trade.—London Answers.

John Chrysostom, or John the Golden Mouthed, was the patriarch of Constantinople in the latter part of the fourth century and won his title from the singularly pleasing character of his oratory, which appealed more to the feelings than to the reason.

The first lighthouse where gas was used in the lamps was the Howth light of Dublin in 1869.

France was called by the Greeks Gallatia, by the Romans Gallia. The Franks, who conquered it, had their name from their favorite weapon, a very formidable javelin.

WAS IT MURDER?

The accident happened at the curve, which was such an abrupt one that Jack Freeman, the engineer on the "Flying Dutch," had said every time he passed it that some time he "was goin to have a big sm'sh'p on that there round corner." And when the smashup did come at last it was a severe one, for poor Jack was instantly killed and the fireman was lying on a cot in a little room back of the bar, and the young doctor said he could not possibly live until morning. The engine had plowed its way off the track, and after plunging ahead for 80 feet came square up against the largest tree in the state, a giant redwood. All that was left of poor Jack Freeman was one leg and a part of one arm—at least that was all they could find in the darkness. The fireman was wedged in against the boiler, and when taken away after half an hour of hard work on the part of the rescuing crew the flesh was dropping off in long shreds all over his body.

The poor fellow was screaming and pleading with the lookers on either to kill him or give him something to kill himself with. Luckily, no one else was hurt, as the engine and tender had broken loose from the rest of the train when it left the track, leaving the passenger cars standing without injury on the track. There was no hope of any of the passengers getting out of the gulch before the next night, so they all settled down around the stove that night, and as all of them had traveled a great deal they were passing the time telling about railroad accidents in which they had been personally interested. It was getting near bedtime, but somehow they all sat back, waiting for the old man to say something.

They had been watching him all evening as he struggled with himself over some question, and they felt certain he had a story to tell, if he could be persuaded to tell it, that would put all the rest in the shade. At last, when they had all told of some horror where they had had a narrow escape, and were sitting back in their chairs looking at nothing and busy with their own thoughts, the old man burst out with:

"Well, boys, I'm going to just give myself up, an you can lynch me or let me go, just as you've a mind to. I've stood this thing by myself just as long as I can." Then he stopped and looked questioningly into the eyes of those about him, as if trying to read their thoughts. The boys all started up, wide awake, certain that they were about to hear something out of the ordinary.

The old man sat silent awhile longer, his long white hair rolling over his collar, his wide brimmed hat pushed far back on his head, and then continued: "I never saw such a coincidence in all my life before. Same kind of country, same kind of accident, same number of people killed, only in this other smash up the fireman was killed instantly an the engineer was burned to death—that is, if you want to call it that. You see, this is the way it happened:

"I was runnin a ranch then down in Texas, an I had just taken a big load of cattle east. On the way back, instead of comin straight home, I went up into Montana to see an uncle of mine, who had talked some of buyin me out. We were just about a day's journey from his place when the accident happened I'm tellin about. It seems the engineer was a bright young fellow an one of the most popular ones on the line. He'd been married just three weeks an his bride was on the train he was a-runnin. He was more careful than usual on her account when goin over the bad places, an so when he came to a level stretch he put on steam an tried to make up the time he'd lost. He was just a minute an a half late at Altoona, an he was bound to make up the time between there an Elston, 35 miles farther on.

"That old train simply flew them 35 miles. You couldn't tell a man from a telegraph pole, an finally the speed increased so much that the passengers got a little scary. Everything went all right, though, until we got within a mile of Elston. There was a curve in the road, sharp, just about like this here one. The country kind of looked the same too.

"Well, when we got to that curve, instead of steadyin down a little he put on more steam. Ought to have known better, you say? Well, yes, but then people are usually darn fools at the crisis of their lives. Anyway, the couplin pin snapped, an the engine went around the curve alone, leavin the train and tender behind. The difference in the weight made her fairly jump, an she landed in a ditch 18 feet down the embankment. The fireman was killed before he ever knew what struck him, but the engineer got jammed up against the boiler just the same as this here fellow did. The steam was pourin out about his head and chest, an he was pleadin and prayin for some one to kill him an put him out of his misery. The men were workin hard to get him out, but he was held there by some sort of a piece of iron, like a crowbar. After they had been workin over him for more than three-quarters of an hour he was in a terrible condition. His wife stood there, fairly insane. People tried to drag her away, but they couldn't do anything with her. We all saw that even if he lived till they got him loose he would die in a short time. Finally, while the men were sawin and diggin away, tryin to get him out, an he was hollerin so pitiful that we couldn't see for the tears we shed, somethin seemed to say to me all of a sudden, 'Put him out of his misery.'

"I can't tell why I did it nor how I did it without no one seein me, but I managed to get up to him an reached him my revolver, loaded an cocked. He just had strength left to lift it to his head, an the next moment he was out of his sufferin.

"There was a great hubbub, an every one wondered how he got the gun, but they was all glad he was put out of his misery.

"That's my story, gentlemen. Did I commit murder, or did I do an act of kindness? I never in all my life before told about it, but somehow this here smashup tonight was so much like that one that it seemed as if it was fate, an I don't care what you do with me. I feel better now for tellin it."

Not one present said a word. One by one they got up and went to bed, and each one was wondering, as I was, Did he commit murder?—Chicago News.

Such a Joke on the Thief!

"Had my pocket picked yesterday. Ha, ha!"

"Well, you don't seem much worried about it. What did he get?"

"Such a joke on the idiot. I've been laughing about it ever since. I only had $17 in money and a tailor's bill for $83 in my pocket. So he's actually $36 out. See?"—New York Recorder.

Bonnet was originally the name for a man's head covering. The word is still so used in Scotland.

New Conditions.

In 1995—"You'll do just as I tell you," said the husband of the advanced woman.

"What?" shrieked his wife.

"I mean it!" said her husband. "I'd have you understand that I wear the skirts in this family."—Chicago Record.

"Days of Absence" was the work of Jean Jacques Rousseau, who claimed to have written the melody also, though his claim in this direction is disputed, the assertion being made that the tune is an Italian folk song. In Europe the song is called "Rousseau's Dream."

The poet Rogers had a voice so small and weak that, as he had said himself, he was forced to say caustic and ill natured things in order to make people hear him.

The garter was first worn by men. During the sixteenth century it reached the dimensions of a large scarf round the leg.

One horsepower converted into gas equals 12 candle power; into electricity, equals 1,600-candle power.

Among the bills of Marie Antoinette is one of $300 for a pair of garters.

GET RICH QUICK.

Within Thirty Days You Can Be a Millionaire If You Do This.

Money makes money. No one is so poor that he cannot rake up a penny to start on. Now, upon the first day of the month deposit a cent in a bank, and on each of the succeeding 30 days of the month double your deposit. Follow this programme faithfully, and at the end of the month you will be surprised to find that your account will show the sum of $10,737,418.23 to your credit. With that little sum all you have to do is to retire and let the other fellows hustle.

The following table will show exactly what would be the outcome of such a plan if it were put in operation and faithfully sustained during an entire month:

First day's deposit	1
Second day's deposit	2
Third day's deposit	4
Fourth day's deposit	8
Fifth day's deposit	16
Sixth day's deposit	32
Seventh day's deposit	64
Eighth day's deposit	$1 28
Ninth day's deposit	2 56
Tenth day's deposit	5 12
Eleventh day's deposit	10 24
Twelfth day's deposit	20 48
Thirteenth day's deposit	40 96
Fourteenth day's deposit	81 92
Fifteenth day's deposit	163 84
Sixteenth day's deposit	327 68
Seventeenth day's deposit	655 36
Eighteenth day's deposit	1,310 73
Nineteenth day's deposit	2,621 43
Twentieth day's deposit	5,242 88
Twenty-first day's deposit	10,485 76
Twenty-second day's deposit	20,971 52
Twenty-third day's deposit	41,943 04
Twenty-fourth day's deposit	83,886 08
Twenty-fifth day's deposit	167,772 16
Twenty-sixth day's deposit	335,544 32
Twenty-seventh day's deposit	671,088 64
Twenty-eighth day's deposit	1,342,177 28
Twenty-ninth day's deposit	2,684,354 56
Thirtieth day's deposit	5,368,709 12
Total of deposits	$10,737,418 23

It will be seen that the progressive increase of deposits thus outlined would swell out the prodigious and seemingly fabulous aggregate of $10,737,418.23. In the face of such a plain and simple financial problem, who is there that cannot grow rich in a month and forever afterward snap his fingers at poverty and labor?—Philadelphia Press.

English Truffle Dogs.

Truffle dogs are very jealous workers. If one were to make himself too officious, his companion would fall on and worry him. All the truffles do not grow under ground, and in such a case the first few are gathered by the dogs from the surface. Occasionally the man is able to pick one or two himself. They are not quite ready for taking, however. No animal seems to be attracted by truffles only half grown and immature. The scent comes only when they are ripe. A copse may be hunted one day till apparently every truffle has been collected, and yet if visited after a short interval will probably yield as many as before. Until they are mature the dogs cannot find them.

Every time a truffle is found the dogs stop and look at the pocket where the bread is in a begging attitude and do not begin to hunt again till after the "repay." Food is doled out in the tiniest morsels, and yet before the day is over, though they still mechanically ask for the reward, they cease to eat it. They are the most tireless creatures imaginable. The assiduity of one in particular is extraordinary. I have seen her work from dawn until dark, collecting in that time nearly eight pounds of truffles, and yet with as much briskness and apparent enjoyment for the last as for the first. "She has the brains of a whole litter in her," says the owner gravely. Her mother had only one puppy at her birth, and he sincerely believes that the talents which might have been divided between five or six were concentrated in one.—Longman's Magazine.

Seasonable Goods.

In store, and arriving daily, a choice selection of seasonable goods. We have on hand

RAISINS of every variety, from 8c to 25c per pound.
CITRON, from 15c to 25c per lb.
CURRENTS, all prices, all grades.
NUTS, all prices, all grades.

We would like to call special attention to our assortment of the above goods.

CHEESE—Switzer, Roquefort, Neufchetel, Framage de Bric, Edam, Pineapple, English Dairy and American Cream. All fresh and of finest quality.

Plum Pudding and Mince Meat.

Cakes and Crakers. A beautiful variety of all kinds, too great an assortment to specify. Will have to be seen to be appreciated.

The above are only a few of our specialties. Our assortment is complete and we invite all to call and examine before purchasing elsewhere.

With four wagons we can deliver promptly.

THE JOHN L. BOATWRIGHT CO

WILMINGTON N. C.

Telephone No. 14. dec 9 tf

MAXTON BUILDING

—AND—

LOAN ASSOCIATION,

Maxton, N. C.

DIRECTORS.

J. D. Croom, Maxton.
J. S. McRae, Maxton.
Ed. McRae, Maxton.
G. B. Patterson, Maxton.
E. F. McRae, Raemont.
J. H. Morrison, Lumberton.
Wm. H. Bernard, Wilmington.

The attention of investors in Wilmington is called to the fact that the average profits on Six Series of Stock in this Association have been over

Fourteen Per Cent.

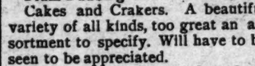
Initiation Fee, 25 Cents per Share.

Subscriptions to Stock payable in weekly instalments of 25 Cents per Share.

The management is prudent and economical, as is shown by the fact that the Association has sustained no losses, and its annual expenses, including taxes, are only about Two Hundred Dollars.

J. D. CROOM, President.
W. B. HARKER, Secretary.
June 8 1m

Seacoast Railroad.



Schedule in Effect June 1, 1895.

Trains leave Princess street Station at 6.30 a. m. 10 a. m., 3.00, 5.10 and 7.15 p. m.
Trains leave Ocean View at 7.30 a. m., 11.00 a. m., 4.00, 6.10 and 9.30 p. m.
Sunday trains leave Princess Street Station at 10 a. m. and 3 p. m. Leave Ocean View at 12 m and 7 p. m. June 1 tf

A New Drink.

Trilby Cocktails,

AT

The French Cafe

A. P. LEVY, Proprietor.

June 1 tf

NOSETINE

Cures CATARRH

Nosetine Tablets, 25 cts.

Nosetine Salve, 50 cts.

For sale by J. HICKS BUNTING
P. M. C. A. Bldg., Sole Agt. for Wilmington.

ap 21y ap

Summer Resorts.

SPARKLING CATAWBA SPRINGS.

For Thirty Years the Favorite Resort of the People of the Cape Fear Section.

WILL OPEN JUNE 1st.

These justly celebrated Springs of North Carolina are beautifully located in the shade of the Blue Ridge—climate delightful, waters eminently curative for

Dyspepsia, Liver Disease, Vertigo, Spinal Affections, Neuralgia, Rheumatism, Scrofula, Gravel, Diabetes, Kidney Affections, Chronic Cough, Asthma, Insomnia, Debility and Skin Diseases.

Hotel refitted and in good order. Write for terms.

Dr. E. O. Elliott & Son,

Sparkling Catawba Springs, N. C.

my 23 tf

CAPON SPRINGS AND BATHS,

Hampshire, Co., W. Va.

WM. H. SALE, Prop.

The Capon Springs is ALKALINE LITHIA WATER, ALKALINE LITHIA BATHS, ANY TEMPERATURE. LARGEST SWIMMING POOL OF ALKALINE LITHIA WATER IN THE WORLD. One of the FINEST IRON SPRINGS at Capon to be found. SUPERB MOUNTAIN CLIMATE. Here is where the SICK GET WELL, and the well who come to spend a lovely Summer and Fall are NEVER DISAPPOINTED. Write for pamphlet and secure rooms before all the best are taken. Come once, you are sure to come again. Refer to Mr. and Mrs. Clayton Giles, Wilmington.

my 26 tf

The Roanoke Red Sulphur Springs,

VIA. SALEM, VA.

High and dry, Sulphur, Chalybeate, Limestone and Freestone Waters. Hay Fever, Asthma, Lung, Throat and Female Troubles relieved.

For terms, certificates of eminent physicians, of former guests, etc., write for descriptive pamphlet.

J. H. CHAPMAN, Manager.

my 26 2m

THE CELEBRATED.

ROCKBRIDGE ALUM SPRINGS,

Virginia.

THE GAYEST RESORT IN THE MOUNtains. Capacity 1,000. Opens June 1st. Rates reduced one-half. Considering quality of its Patrons Character of accommodation and

Cheapest Resort in America.

Waters recommended by the leading physicians. If a sufferer from Consumption, Indigestion, Scrofula, Catarrh, Diarrhœa, Female Troubles, &c, or seed gayety, surrounded with a superb class of people, write for pamphlet and be convinced. This is a panacea for your troubles. Dr. Isaiah White, of Richmond, Medical Director. JAMES A. FRAZIER, Managing Receiver.

may 11 2m

Alleghany Springs, Va.

The greatest Dyspepsia water known. Endorsed by the State Medical Society, and awarded gold medal and diploma at World's Fair, Chicago. Most popular Summer resort in the mountains of Virginia. Elevation 1,700 feet. Beautiful lawn of 40 acres. Fine walks and drives, good livery. Band of Music. Terms moderate. Write for circular or pamphlet, containing testimonials from prominent physicians, and other parties of eminence. C. A. COLHOUN, Prop.

R. T. STYLL, M. D., Ph. G., Resident Physician. June 9 tf

Cleveland Springs.

1895.

THIS most delightful of all Western North Carolina resorts, is now open, ready for guests,

The Medicinal virtues of these waters are unsurpassed.

Special rates until July 1st.

For circulars and full information, address

J. B. WILKINSON, Proprietor,
June 2 tf Shelby, N. C.

Warren White Sulphur Springs,

VIRGINIA.

The Oldest Summer Resort in the United States. Established 1734.

TERMS.

Per week, one person.....$15.00
Per month, one person..... 40.00
Two persons in one room.... 70.00

Special rates to parties of three or more.

Good Fishing, Boating and Bathing.

DISTANCE FROM

Richmond & Danville R. R. 1 mile.
Norfolk & Western R. R....3 miles.
Baltimore & Ohio R. R.....4 miles.

Eight different waters, namely: White, Red and Blue Sulphur, Alum, Iron, Arsenic, Chalybeate and Lithia.

On top of the "Three Top Range" of the Masanttan chain of Mountains. Elevation 2,100 feet above the sea. No mosquitoes, gnats or malaria.

Address, C. W. CULLEN & SON,
je 9 3m Cullen P. O., Virginia.

Anchor Lime

IS THE

Best on the Market.

Nails, Hoop-Iron Rivets,

MOLASSES,

Flour, Sugar, Coffee,

MEAT, LARD, &c.

GENERAL GROCERIES.

WORTH & WORTH.

my 19 tf

Half-Holiday.

BY Agreement with all other Barbers of the city, our shop will close every Friday afternoons at Two o'clock. Our patrons will please take notice, and oblige us by calling on Friday morning.

H. C. FREMPERT'S SONS.
Experts in Barbering.
11 South Front St.

Je 14 tf

W., N. & N. Railway.

In Effect Sunday, June 9, 1895.

DAILY EXCEPT SUNDAY

NORTH BOUND			STATIONS	SOUTH BOUND	
5	3			5	7
A M	P M		—WILMINGTON—	P M	P M
7 00	1 55	Lv	Mulberry street	Ar	7 00 12 35
7 15		Lv	Surry street	Ar	6 50 A M
10 43	5 47	Lv	Jacksonville	Lv	4 30 10 43
11 23	6 30	Lv	Maysville	Lv	3 50 10 03
11 45	6 53	Lv	Pollocksville	Lv	3 26 9 55
12 25	7 30	Ar	Newbern	Lv	2 50 9 20
	6 37	Ar	Morehead City	Lv	3 07
P M	P M			P M	

Trains 6 and 7 make close connection with trains on A. & N. C. R. R. for Morehead City and Beaufort.

Steamers on New River leave Jacksonville at 7.30 a m; returning leave Marine's Ways at 3 p m, arriving at Jacksonville 5.00 p m, connecting with trains 5 and 6.

H. A. WHITING, General Manager.

J. W. MARTENIS, Traffic Manager. June 9 tf

ATLANTIC COAST LINE.

SCHEDULE IN EFFECT MAY 26, 1895.

DEPARTURE FROM WILMINGTON—NORTHBOUND

DAILY 9.30 A M — No. 48—Passenger—Due Magnolia 10.56 a m, Warsaw 11.10 a m, Goldsboro 12.05 p m, Wilson 1.00 p m, Rocky Mount 1.35 p m, Tarboro 3.45 p m, Weldon 3.20 p m, Petersburg 5.43 p m, Richmond 6.45 p m, Norfolk 6.05 p m, Washington 11.10 p m, Baltimore 12.48 a m, Philadelphia 3.45 a m, New York 6.53 a m, Boston 8.00 p m.

DAILY 7.00 P M — No. 40—Passenger—Due Magnolia 3.31 p m, Warsaw 3.45 p m, Goldsboro 9.40 p m, Wilson 10.07 p m, †Tarboro 6.38 a m, Rocky Mount 12.07 p m, Weldon 12.55 a m, †Norfolk 10.25 a m, Petersburg 2.37 a m, Richmond 3.40 a m, Washington 7.00 a m, Baltimore 8.30 a m, Philadelphia 10.46 a m, New York 1.23 p m, Boston 6.30 p m.

SOUTHBOUND:

DAILY 3.30 P M — No. 55—Passenger—Due Lake Waccamaw 4.45 p m, Chadbourn 5.17 p m, Marion 6.34 p m, Florence 7.05 p m, Atkinson 8.11 p m, Sumter 8.38 p m, Columbia 10.00 p m, Denmark 6.11 a m, Augusta 8.00 a m, Macon 11.00 a m, Atlanta 12.15 p m, Charleston 10.55 p m, Savannah 1.19 a m, Jacksonville 7.00 a m, St. Augustine 12.00 noon, Tampa 5.30 p m.

ARRIVALS AT WILMINGTON—FROM THE NORTH.

DAILY 5.45 P M — No. 47—Passenger—Leave Boston 1.00 p m, New York 9.00 p m, Philadelphia 12.08 a m, Baltimore 3.50 a m, Washington 4.30 a m, Richmond 9.05 a m, Petersburg 10.00 a m, Norfolk 8.40 a m, Weldon 11.53 a m, Tarboro 12.30 p m, Rocky Mount 1.05 p m, Wilson 2.13 p m, Goldsboro 3.10 p m, Warsaw 4.02 p m, Magnolia 4.16 a m.

DAILY 10.00 a m — No. 41—Passenger—Leave Boston 11.00 p m, New York 9.00 a m, Philadelphia 11.38 a m, Baltimore 2.13 p m, Washington 3.30 p m, Richmond 7.13 p m, Petersburg 7.54 p m, †Norfolk 2.10 p m, Weldon 9.27 m, †Tarboro 5.50 p m, Rocky Mount 10.30 p m, arrive Wilson 11.08 p m, leave Wilson 6.35 a m, Goldsboro 7.30 a m, Warsaw 8.16 a m, Magnolia 8.39 a m.

FROM THE SOUTH.

DAILY 11.50 a m — No. 56—Passenger—Leave Tampa 9.30 a m, Sanford 1.50 p m, Jacksonville 6.30 p m Savannah 12.00 night, Charleston 4.12 a m, Columbia 5.30 a m, Atlanta 7.15 a m, Macon 9.00 a m, Augusta 2.25 p m, Denmark 4.17 p m, Sumter 6.43 a m, Atkins 7.14 a m, Florence 8.25 a m, Marion 9.06 a m, Chadbourn 10.10 a m, Lake Waccamaw 10.35 a m.

†Daily except Sunday.

Trains on Scotland Neck Branch Road leave Weldon 3.45 p m, Halifax 4.05 p m, arrive Scotland Neck 4.55 p m, Greenville 6.37 p m, Kinston 7.35 p m. Returning, leaves Kinston 7.50 a m, Greenville 8.39 a m, Arriving Halifax at 11 00 a m, Weldon 11.30 a m, daily except Sunday.

Trains on Washington Branch leave Washington 7.00 a. m., arrive Parmele 8.40 a. m., Tarboro 9 50; am returning leaves Tarboro 4 40 p m; Parmele 6.10 p. m. arrives Washington 7.35 p. m. Daily except Sunday. Connects at Parmele with trains on Scotland Neck Branch.

Train leaves Tarboro, N. C., daily except Sunday, at 4.50 p m; Sunday 8.00 p m; arrive Plymouth 9 00 p m, 5.35 p m. Returning, leave Plymouth daily except Sunday 5.00 a m, Sunday 9 30 a m; Arrive Tarboro 10 25 a m and 11 45 p m.

Train on Midland N C Branch leaves Goldsboro, N. C., daily except Sunday, 6.05 a m; arrives Smithfield, N. C., 7.30 a m. Returning, leaves Smithfield, N. C.; 8 00 a m; arrive Goldsboro, N. C., 9 30 a m.

Train on Nashville Branch leaves Rocky Mount at 4.30 p m, arrives Nashville 5.05 p m, Spring Hope 5.30 p m. Returning, leaves Spring Hope 8 a m, Nashville 8.35 a m; arrive Rocky Mount 9 05 a m, daily except Sunday.

Train on Clinton Branch leave Warsaw for Clinton Daily except Sunday at 9 00 a m and 4.10 p m; returning leave Clinton at 7.30 a m and 10 40 a m.

Trains on South and North Carolina Railroad leave Elliott 7.02 p m, arrive Bishop

The Morning Star.

WILMINGTON, N. C.

SUNDAY MORNING, JUNE 23, 1895

WASHINGTON NEWS.

Appointments in the Treasury Department —Advices Concerning the Plague in Foo-Chow, China—Secretary Carlisle and the Anti-Chinese Immigration Law.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

WASHINGTON, June 22.—Secretary Carlisle to-day appointed Scott Nesbitt, of Missouri, Appointment Clerk of the Treasury, vice Herman Erebs resigned, and E C Johnson, of the State of Washington, Chief Clerk of the International Revenue Bureau, vice Nesbitt promoted. These changes will take place July 1st next.

Advices received by the Marine Hospital Service confirm previous reports relative to the plague in Foo-Chow, and say it is an established epidemic. It is confined to the city proper, most of the deaths occurring within the city walls near the gates. Several cases are alleged to have occurred among the natives of a village on the island of Nantai in the vicinity of the foreign settlement, but Consul Hixson is unable to say that these are real cases of plague.

The epidemic is identical with that which visited Hong Kong and Canton last year. The consul says it is impossible to institute any sort of sanitary measures in Foo Chow and unless the epidemic dies out of its own accord the mortality will be great.

Secretary Carlisle to-day refused to reverse his decision as to deporting three Chinamen, clerks, who are now at San Francisco. These Chinamen left New Orleans several months ago for Bluefields with the intention of settling there. They changed their minds and returned to New Orleans. Admission to the United States was denied and they were ordered deported to China. They have arrived at San Francisco en route and the Chinese Consul there was interested in their behalf, claiming they had a right to return to the United States and that their deportation is in violation of the Chinese treaties. The Treasury Department made an exhaustive investigation into their case when they were arrested and Secretary Carlisle sees no reason to change the decision then reached.

GRAIN AND PROVISIONS.

Wheat, Corn and Oats Active at Lower Prices—Pork Products Declined in Sympathy With Other Markets.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

CHICAGO, June 22.—Reports of reduced yields from the different States especially Kansas and California, and doubtful claims of possible damage to the Spring crop, were permanent helps to wheat to-day. The local crowd tried hard to bull prices, but they were disastrously defeated in their efforts. The curb yesterday afternoon and this morning was up, and buying orders were numerous at the regular opening to-day. Selling orders exceeded the demand, however, and aside from the first fifteen minutes, the entire session presented depression of greater or less intensity, the close probably being of the former degree. July wheat opened from 72@71¾c, declined to 69⅝@69¾c, closing at 69¾c—1¼c under yesterday. Cash wheat sales averaged steady prices, but the nominal close was 1@1¼c lower.

Corn—A temporary period of firmness was noticed in corn at the opening, but it was of such short duration as to be forgotten in the weakness that ruled later. The trade was local and scalping, but there were good offerings near the close and very few persons had any desire to buy. July corn opened at 49, declined to 47¾, closing at 48—⅜c, under yesterday. Cash corn was steady at yesterday's prices, closing nominally 1c. lower.

Oats moved downward with as much rapidity as wheat and corn. There was long stuff sold out and some short lines created. The business during the closing minutes was active but previous to that time of quite an ordinary character. July oats closed 1⅛@1¼c. lower than yesterday. Cash oats were in poor demand.

Provisions—Grain had a sympathetic influence on provisions most of the session. The trade was without notable feature. Shorts were sold during the break of Thursday, covered some product early imparting strength to prices, but that demand was withdrawn later, and wheat heading lower caused provisions to decline. The run of hogs at the stock yards was light and prices steady. July pork closed 5c lower; July lard and ribs unchanged.

RELIEF EXPEDITION

To Go in Search of Lieut. Peary, the Arctic Explorer.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

BROOKLYN, N. Y., June 22.—The steamer Portia, carrying the expedition for the relief of Lieut. Peary, the arctic explorer, sailed at 1 o'clock this afternoon. The expedition is under the direction of Emil Diefitch, C. E., of Washington, who is Mrs. Peary's brother. The party is composed of Prof. Rollin D. Salisbury, of the Chicago University; Prof. L. L. Dyche, of the Kansas State University; Theodore LeBoutilloer, of Philadelphia, and Dr. John E. Walsh, of Washington. Mrs. Peary will remain at home.

The Portia will land at St. Johns, N. F. From St. Johns the party will sail in the Kite, Capt. John Bartlett commanding, for Greenland, about July 1st. Although a small craft, the Kite is adapted to ice work. She has been on similar expeditions before.

Joseph Collins and three brothers named Brent were killed yesterday by an explosion of a boiler in a saw mill at Spring Hill, Ark. Many others were severely injured.

GREEN GOODS MEN

Arrested in Chicago for Sending Circulars Through the Mails.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

CHICAGO, June 22.—At 3 o'clock this afternoon Postoffice Inspector Stuart and several assistants arrested three men at the Hotel Sterling, on Michigan avenue, on the charge of having sent large numbers of green goods circulars through the mails during the past two weeks. The men were taken to the Government building and locked up. Later in the afternoon officers returned to the hotel and arrested two more men and one women, said to have been involved in the case.

NAVAL STORES MARKETS.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, June 22.—Spirits turpentine steady and quiet at 29¼@29¾c. Rosin quit and steady; strained common to good $1 55@1 60.

CHARLESTON, June 29—Spirits turpentine 28c bid; receipts — casks. Rosin firm; good strained $1 10@1 15; receipts 265 barrels.

SAVANNAH, June 22.—Spirits turpentine opened at 26¾c bid, with no sales reported; at the close it was quoted firm at 26¾, with sales of 75 casks; receipts 1,580 casks. Rosin—market firm at the decline on medium grades; sales 1,500 barrels: quotations: A, B, C $1 10, D $1 20, E $1 25, F $1 35, G $1 50, H $1 80, I $1 90, K $2 25, M $2 45, N $2 60, window glass $2 80, water white $3 05.

LATE FOREIGN NEWS.

THE RUSSO-FRENCH SYNDICATE AND THE CHINESE WAR LOAN.

China Withholds Ratification of the Contract—The Spanish Government Making Large Purchases of War Material in England—Naval Evolutions at Kiel—The American Squadron Gets a Full Share of Admiration—The British Ministry Will Resign.

By Cable to the Morning Star.

LONDON, June 22.—The *Statist* and the *Pall Mall Gazette* contradict the telegrams from St. Petersburg saying that the Chinese loan contract has been signed. The fact is that China withholds the ratification, though she is pressed by Russia to conclude the treaty. China may finally refuse to ratify the convention. She objects to the conditions imposed by France, that further loans must be borrowed in Paris. She also refuses to hypothecate any part of her customs revenue for the loan. According to the *Pall Mall Gazette* the real reason for this situation of affairs is that on April 22 last a special Chinese envoy signed a contract with a London firm granting the Bank of England the option of arranging the great loan. The bank immediately placed at the disposal of the authorities at Pekin the sum of £1,000,000 which was drawn upon. Russia and France afterwards stepped in and tried to spoil the London contract.

The double dealing on the part of the Pekin authorities led the British Government to remind them that the customs revenue of the treaty ports, on which the loan must be secured, was already practically in the hands of the British, whose rights must be protected. With a view to fixing matters the Russo-French syndicate again tried to induce the Rothschilds to join the syndicate, offering them £9,000,000 of the loan. This offer the Rothschilds declined.

LONDON, June 22.—The Spanish Government has recently placed large orders for war material in Glasgow, Newcastle and Birmingham, comprehending the construction of twenty gun-boats and a large quantity of small arms and the furnishing of heavy consignments of ammunition. The aggregate cost involves the expenditure by the Spanish Government of 2,500,000 pounds. The Spanish Ministry of Marine has an accredited agent in England at the present time, who is arranging the contracts for these supplies, most of which are already under process of manufacture.

LONDON, June 23.—Lord Roseberry went to Windsor at 7.10 o'clock this evening. He was driven to the castle in one of the royal carriages. The Premier's secretary, Mr. Murray, informed a representative of the United Press that Lord Roseberry had really gone to Windsor in accordance with a previous command from the Queen, but that he would also report to Her Majesty the decision arrived at by the Cabinet after its deliberations to-day.

The *Sun* prints an extra in which it says it has good reasons to believe that Lord Roseberry will tender his resignation to the Queen on the occasion of his visit to Windsor Castle to-night.

The *Sun* further says that at the Cabinet meeting this afternoon all of the Ministers were in favor of giving up their offices, the only question undecided being whether they would resign or dissolve Parliament. After further discussion it was decided that they would resign.

KIEL, June 22.—The manœuvering fleet returned to the harbor at noon. Their evolutions were highly successful. The vessels of the American squadron have continued to be objects of admiration and curiosity to the officers of all of the assembled fleets, who almost without exception have inspected them. The concensus of opinion is that the San Francisco is the newest, cleanest and smartest ship in the harbor and the Columbia one of the finest and best.

All foreign naval officers speak in the highest terms of the courtesies extended to them during their stay here. The American and French ships sailed at midday. They were boarded by the officers of the Russian squadron, who heartily wished their French hosts *bon voyage*. The Russians were entertained with the utmost hospitality, champagne constituting a large share of the refreshments served, Lieutenant Ward, who was attached at various times to the U. S. embassies at Paris, Berlin and St. Petersburg, declared in an interview last night that he was heartily ashamed, while making the passage of the canal, to think how the Americans banged the big drum and blew the trumpet for years, seeking to show what a great nation they were and what great things they would do in the tremendous work of building and controlling the Nicaragua Canal, yet they had neither built it nor allowed anyone else to do so. In the meantime Germany, saying nothing, had plodded along, and when the canal was ready it was opened and the world invited to view it. This impression is largely shared by the naval officers of other countries.

The entire arrangements were perfect and the Germans have shown the visitors from all nations, without the least indication of partiality, the utmost attention.

It is expectec that the Emperor will pay a visit to the Columbia to-morrow. The representative of the United Press went on board the San Francisco to-day. The accident which occurred on one of her steam launches yesterday was caused by the blowing out of the head of her boiler. Little damage was done either to the vessel or her fixtures beyond the tearing away of the awning. Four persons were hurt but none of them seriously, not one of them being placed on the sick list.

BANK STATEMENT

Weekly Statement of Associated Banks.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, June 22.—The weekly statement of the associated banks shows the following changes: Reserve decrease, $1,414,650; loans increase, $4,980,500; specie decrease, $394,000; legal tenders, increase, $390,100; deposits increase, $5,643,000 circulation decrease, $52,000. The banks now hold $36,544,350 in excess of the requirements of the 25 per cent. rule.

BASE BALL.

The Record of Games Played Yesterday

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

Brooklyn—Brooklyn 12; Philadelphia 9.

Boston—Boston 5; New York 3.

Baltimore—Baltimore 11; Washington 4.

St. Louis—St. Louis 6; Cincinnati 8.

Pittsburg—Pittsburg 5; Louisville 2.

Chicago—Chicago 8; Cleveland 2.

Richmond—Richmond 6; Norfolk 1.

Memphis—Memphis 19; Little Rock 6.

Evansville—Evansville 6; Nashville 9.

Petersburg—Petersburg 3; Lynchburg 8.

Portsmouth — Portsmouth-Roanoke game postponed—rain.

Chattanooga—Chattanooga 6; Atlanta 12.

When Baby was sick, we gave her Castoria.
When she was a Child, she cried for Castoria.
When she became Miss, she clung to Castoria.
When she had Children, she gave them Castoria.

SPOTS AND FUTURES

New York Sun's Review of the Market —Total Visible Supply of Cotton.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, June 22.—The *Sun* says: Cotton fell two to four points, recovered this and advanced two to three points, lost this and declined one to two points, and closed barely steady, with sales of 63,100 bales. Liverpool was firmer on the spot, but without quotable change, and the sales were 7,000 bales. Futures advanced one-half a point. Port receipts 1,315 bales, against 2,012 last year. New Orleans declined four to five points, recovered this and advanced, then lost the improvement, and October dropped two points below the last price of yesterday. Spot cotton here was dull and unchanged. No sales. Southern spot market quiet. Memphis declined ½c. Port exports 1,476 bales, to Great Britain.

The *Chronicle* says that advices from the South indicate that the rain has fallen in about all sections during the week and has been of benefit to cotton in sections where it was needed; was also rather heavy. Damage is reported in Mississippi, Louisiana and parts of Texas. The growth of the plant is retarded beyond question. The Continent bought to-day to some extent, and at one time the market was higher, partly owing to covering by local operators. But before the close prices took a downward turn, though to be sure the final prices were just above where they stood last night. Liverpool sold to some extent and the Signal Service predicted generally fair weather in the sections where there has been too much rain, though on the other hand it predicted clear and warmer weather in North and South Carolina and Georgia, in portions of which States rain is needed. Just now it is a weather market. For the time being the movement of prices will be governed by Signal Service reports of temperatures and rain falls. That in Texas, however, and in portions of Arkansas, Alabama and Missouri the precipitation has been excessive, interferring with cultivation, and at a few points along the Atlantic moisture is said to be needed; that the temperature has been satisfactory in general and that cotton is blooming and squares are forming in Southern and Central Texas. It states that Northern spinners have thus far this season, 1,490,940 thus far last season. Came into sight during the week 20,358 bales, against 17,447 in the same week last year; total now in sight 2,607,490 bales, against 7,299,785 at this time last season. The exports from the ports thus far this season are 6,592,170 bales, again 5,058,697 in the same period last year. The world's total visible supply is now 3,437,378 bales, including 3,029,178 American, against a total last season at this time of 2,986,034 bales, of which 2,413,834 were American.

To-day's features: Undoubtedly the bulls were disappointed at the failure of Liverpool to respond adequately to the rise here yesterday, and this fact may be attributed to the general favorable tenor of the weekly weather report of the *Chronicle*, which is cabled to London every Friday night. And yet the *Chronicle* was not altogether favorable to bearish interests, inasmuch as it concedes that excessive rains in Texas, Arkansas and Mississippi have interferred with the cultivation of the plant. Then, too, there has been very little rain in the Atlantic States for a week past, and moisture is needed in some sections. Mobile dispatches to-day state that the crop prospects in Alabama are not so good as they were a week ago. Furthermore, continued heavy rains were reported in Texas.

NEW YORK, June 22.—The total visible supply of cotton for the world is 3,437,378 bales, of which 3,029,178 are American, against 2,986,034 and 2,413,834 respectively last year. Receipts of cotton this week at all interior towns 3,798 bales. Receipts from the plantations 11,957. Crop in sight 9,607,490 bales.

ALABAMA DEMOCRATS

Will Elect Sound Money Congressmen Next Year and Send a Delegation of the Same Stripe to the National Convention.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, June 22.—The *Evening Sun* says: Mr. Frank P. O'Brien, editor and proprietor of the Birmingham (Ala.) *Age-Herald*, and leader of the Democratic majority in the Legislature of Alabama, has just arrived in the city from the South, and brings the news that the free silver agitation in his State has resulted in a combination of political elements that will ensure the selection of a sound money delegation to the next National Convention, and the election of sound money Congressmen next year. Mr. O'Brien said: "One of the first things done by the free silver agitators in Alabama was to combine with the Populists. Kolb, the Populist leader, is now working at the silver men, and has carried his following with him.

"The result of this is a combination of the Southern Republicans with the Southern Democrats of the State for the Congressional election next year, in order to prevent the election of any free silver representatives from the State. The sound money Democrats of the State, I believe, will be able to control the State Convention next May and elect the delegates to the National Convention. Recently some of the Republican leaders of the State have volunteered to join forces with us next year to prevent the election of free silver men to Congress and the Legislature.

"Since my arrival in New York I have learned that the Republicans of our State have been advised by leaders of that party in this city, and by prominent members of the Republican National Commitee, to make the combination with the sound money Democrats in order to defeat the free silver Populist combination. Under the circumstances, the defeat of the Populists in our State election and the Populist silver combination in the Congressional election next year, I regard as certain."

SCOTCH-IRISH CONGRESS.

Principal Features of the Last Day's Programme.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

LEXINGTON, Va., June 22,—The Scotch-Irish Congress was opened here to-day with prayer by Rev. B. H. Dement, of Lexington. The principal features of the last day's programme were the addresses "General Daniel Morgan;" by the Hon. A. C. Gordon, Staunton, Va.; "At Night in one of the Old Log Colleges," by the Rev. John S. MacIntosh, of Philadelphia, and "George Rogers Clark," by Mr. Helm Bruce, of Louisville. Auld Lang Syne was sung by the choir and the benediction closed the seventh annual Congress of the Scotch-Irish Society of America. At 5.30 this afternoon General G. W. Lee, President of the Washington and Lee University, gave a reception at his magnificent home to the Scotch-Irish visitors and specially invited guests. A special battalion drill took place at the Virginia Military Institute for the Scotch-Irish visitors this evening. To-morrow evening at 8 o'clock an old time Covenantors' service will be held in the Presbyterian Church and the Rev. John Hall, D. D., of New York, will deliver the sermon and conduct the service. The next place of meeting will be in Harrisburg, Pa.

The Modern Way

Commends itself to the well-informed, to do pleasantly and effectually what was formerly done in the crudest manner and disagreeably as well. To cleanse the system and break up colds, headaches and fevers without unpleasant after effects, use the delightful liquid laxative remedy, Syrup of Figs.

AFFAIRS IN CUBA.

Further Successes By the Insurgents—Spanish Volunteers Join the Rebel Forces.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

JACKSONVILLE, Fla., June 22.—A cablegram to the *Times-Union* from Key West., Fla., says: Passengers on the steamer Mascotte to-night report that a battle was fought on the 12th near Vega-Alta in Remedos between the insurgents under the command of Roloff and Sanches, and Spaniards under Salamanca in which the latter was killed together with sixty men—the insurgents loss being small. It is also reported that Coranado, director of *La Discussion*, was arrested and put in the Cabanas yesterday for publishing reports from correspondents in the field. It is reported in Havana that there are uprisings in San Jose Laslajas, Begudeal, Samiago De Las Vegas, Guira and Alquisar.

The capture of Maximo Gomez is denied in Havana.

The First Battalion of Volunteers, about one hundred men, have been arrested and put in the Cabanas for refusing to go into the field. Col. Basallo, with four hundred and eighty men, deserted and joined the insurgents. It is also reported that the Lieutenant of Volunteers near Camaguani with fifty men has joined the rebel forces. It is claimed they are badly treated and poorly fed.

CROPS INJURED

By Heavy Continuous Rains in Mississippi.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star

JACKSON, June 22.—During the past two weeks there has been scarcely a day without a heavy rain, and no day in which the sun has had an unobstructed chance at the growing crops. The consequence is farmers are beginning to "growl." Grass is growing rapidly and the land is too wet to work. This being Saturday a large number of farmers were in the city and the Southern Associated Press reporter took occasion to make special inquiries about crops. Every one interviewed declared the rain was injuring cotton, and two or three said their corn was turning yellow from standing in the water. Cotton this year is small for the season.

BRUTAL MURDER

Followed by a Lynching in Claiborne County, Mississippi.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star

JACKSON, MISS., June 23.—A letter has been received here bringing additional particulars of the murder and lynching in Claiborne county. John Saunders has been living in adultery with his daughter. His wife caught up with him; they quarrelled and John knocked her down, and then after the fashion of negroes in killing an opossum, he put a stick on her neck, stood on the stick and pulled her arms until he broke her neck. There is not such a murder on record. He was promptly lynched when the particulars became known.

WARM WIRELETS.

Charles M. Finch, who came to Norfolk, Va., from Saginaw, Mich., committed suicide by taking morphine last night. His parents reside in New York State and are wealthy. It is said that a love affair in Michigan was the cause.

Sheriff K. R. Grove, of Brownsville, Tenn., accidentally shot his daughter, Miss Susie, through the head with a thirty-eight calibre revolver, as she came up the walk towards the house. The young lady was 24 years old and a great favorite.

CATHARINE KENNEDY HOME.

The Benevolent Society desires in this way to thank the Sunbeam Club of Miss Alderman's school for the following articles sent by them to the Catharine Kennedy Home: Half barrel of flour, a box of bacon, a case of canned tomatoes and one of corn, and a bag of meal.

This tribute from youth to age is an exceedingly touching one and will be a blessing to the little ones who have labored so long and faithfully in this cause.

We thank, also, Mr. Theo. H. Keathly, of the U. S. R. S. *Colfax*, for a hammock, made by himself, and Mr. W. E. Worth for $5.00. Also, another gentleman for $5.00 who does not wish his name given.

WILMINGTON, N. C., June 22, 1895.

APPOINTMENTS FOR VISITATIONS

By the Bishop of East Carolina.

June 23rd—Sunday, 2nd after Trinity, a m, Lake Landing, S George's
June 23d—Sunday, 2nd after Trinity, p m, Swan Quarter
June 25th—Tuesday, a m, Washington county, S Luke's
June 25th—Tuesday, p m, Roper, Church of the Advent
June 27th—Thursday, Columbia, S Andrew's
June 30th—Sunday, 3rd after Trinity, Scuppernong, S David's
July 2d—Tuesday a m, Haslin, S James
July 2d—Tuesday p m, Pantego, S Augustin's
July 3—Wednesday a m, Yeatesville
July 3d—Wednesday p m, Bath, S Thomas
July 7th, Sunday a m, 4th after Trinity, Durham's Creek, S John's
July 7th, Sunday p m, 4th after Trinity, Aurora, Chapel of the Cross
July 14th, Sunday a m, 5th after Trinity, Beaufort, S Paul's
July 14th, Sunday p m, 5th after Trinity, Beaufort, S Clements
July 16th, Tuesday p m, Trenton, Grace

THE MAILS.

On and after Sunday, June 16, 1895, the Mails at the Wilmington, N. C., Postoffice, will close and be ready for delivery at follows:

CLOSE.

For Mt. Airy and way stations—C F & Y V Railroad	8:45 a m
For Southport	8:30 a m
For Shallote (Brunswick Co.), Tuesdays and and Fridays	5.30 a m
For Wrightsville	1:15 a m
For North and way stations—W & W R R.	8:45 a m
For Cape Fear River Tuesdays and Fridays	1:00 p m
For South via Train 33 at Wilson, leaving here train 40 W & W Railroad	6:00 p m
For South and way stations W C & A R R—	3:00 p m
For North, Magnolia, Goldsboro, Wilson	6.00 p m
For Charlotte & stations—C C R R, ex Sunday	6:00 am
For points between Charlotte and Hamlet and Weldon and Hamlet, and Cronly, Maxton & Laurinburg	6 45 p m
For Newbern and stations W., N. & N. R. R	6.30 a m
For Jacksonville, N C, and Pollocksville, except Sunday	1.30 p m

MAILS READY FOR DELIVERY (WHEN THE TRAINS ARE ON TIME).

From Mt. Airy and points C F & Y V R R	6:45 p. m
From Charlotte and points C C R R	1.15 p m
From South and points W, C & A R R	12.40 m
From Landings Cape River, Tuesday, Friday	8.00 a m
From North—Magnolia, Goldsboro and Wilson—"Shoofly"	11.00 a m
From South—W & W train No. 41	11.00 a m
From Southport	3:00 p m
From Shallotte and Brunswick Co—Monday and Thursday	7.30 p m
From North and way stations W & W R R	7.30 p m
From Charlotte and stations, C C R R and points between Weldon and Hamlet	9.00 a. m
From Newbern and stations W N & N R R, except Sunday	7.30 p m
From Jacksonville, N. C, and Pollocksville	1:00 p m

Average time consumed in delivery of Special Delivery letters, 13 minutes.

GEO. L. MORTON Postmaster.

Old Newspapers.

YOU CAN BUY OLD NEWSPAPERS, in quantities to suit,

At Your Own Price,

At the STAR Office,

Suitable for WRAPPING PAPER, and

Excellent for Placing Under Carpets.

KNOWLEDGE

Brings comfort and improvement and tends to personal enjoyment when rightly used. The many, who live better than others and enjoy life more, with less expenditure, by more promptly adapting the world's best products to the needs of physical being, will attest the value to health of the pure liquid laxative principles embraced in the remedy, Syrup of Figs.

Its excellence is due to its presenting in the form most acceptable and pleasant to the taste, the refreshing and truly beneficial properties of a perfect laxative; effectually cleansing the system, dispelling colds, headaches and fevers and permanently curing constipation. It has given satisfaction to millions and met with the approval of the medical profession, because it acts on the Kidneys, Liver and Bowels without weakening them and it is perfectly free from every objectionable substance.

Syrup of Figs is for sale by all druggists in 50c and $1 bottles, but it is manufactured by the California Fig Syrup Co. only, whose name is printed on every package, also the name, Syrup of Figs, and being well informed, you will not accept any substitute if offered.

BUSINESS LOCALS.

☞ Notices For Rent or Sale, Lost and Found Wants, and other short miscellaneous advertisements inserted in this Department, in leaded Nonpareil type, on first or fourth page, at Publisher's option, for 1 cent per word each insertion; but no advertisement taken for less than 20 cents. Terms, positively cash in advance.

Pug puppy for sale. He is a beauty. Price moderate, 108 South 5th street. je 23 1t

Salesman Wanted—We want a salesman in all large cities to cater for city and nearby trade locally with our line of high grade cigars. J. Edward Cowles & Company, 143 Chambers street, New York City, je 23 1t

Help Wanted,—You want a position at the Great Atlanta Exposition; hundreds will be employed; no time to lose; persons of either sex competent to take charge of, arrange, display or advertise exhibits; others for clerical and special work; artisans, mechanics and all wishing to make application send ten cents and stamp for instructions and blanks to Box 354, Atlanta, Ga. je 23 1t*

Spring chickens and geese. Fresh lot just received. Also groceries of every kind and Cutter Tobacco. Neil McKinnon, No. 3 South Water street. c21

Salesman wanted to sell the Rapid Dish Washer to the wholesale and retail trade. Washes and dries the dishes in two minutes without wetting the fingers $75 a week and all expenses. Easy position; no hard work; can make $100 a week. Address W. P. Harrison & Co., Clerk No. 14, Columbus, Ohio. June 18 6t

Photographs.—U. C. Ellis, at No. 114 Market street, for the latest style, best quality, finest finished and lowest-priced Photographs—$1.00 per dozen. U. C. ELLIS. c21

Baskets, Vegetable Baskets for the shipment of Peas, Beans, Cucumbers, etc. For sale at Jno. S. McEachern's Grain and Feed Store, 211 Market street. c21

Palmetto Brewing Co., of Charleston, S. C. Export, Rice and Lager Beer. Branch office No. 402 Nutt street; deliveries promptly made anywhere in city. F. Richter, Manager. s21

Hayden, P. H., has in stock buggies, road carts and harness of all kinds. Repairing done by skilful workmen on short notice. Opposite new Court House. c21

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS

Grand Family Excursion.

DEUTSCHE FRAUEN VEREIN, TO Carolina Beach, Friday, June 28th, 1895. Steamer Wilmington will leave at 9 a. m. and 3 p. m. Fare for the round trip—Adults, 50 cents, Children 25 cents. Good Music and Refreshments at city prices. je 23 2t su and th THE COMMITTEE.

Notice.

THE Wilmington Intelligence Bureau are now in their new building on Second street between Market and Dock. Now where they are in order to furnish Cooks, House-Servants, Butlers and Porters—in fact every kind you are in need of. We want on Monday one young German girl in private family in the city. Also you will find at our office all kinds of refreshments—such as Ice Cream &c., beginning Sunday, June 23rd, 1895. No. 12 South Second street. June 23 tf

PEACE

Institute for Young Ladies

RALEIGH, N. C.

It is the best. Send for illustrated catalogue to JAS. DINWIDDIE, M. A., Principal. je 22 3m

Steamer Wilmington,

ON AND AFTER JUNE 13th leaves for Southport and Carolina Beach at 9 a. m. and 5 p. m. Leaves Southport 12 30 and 5.30 p. m. Leaves Carolina Beach 1.30 and 6.30 daily, except Sunday. Leaves Wilmington Sunday 10 a. m. and 8 p. m. Leaves Southport 5 p. m., Beach 6 p. m. Fare to Beach 50c; round trip 85c on 8 p. m. trip. Twelve round trips $3.50, good on any trip. June 21 tf J. W. HARPER.

House and Shop.

FOR RENT.—Dwelling and Shop on northeast corner of Tenth and Princess streets. Everything in excellent repair. Ap to 23 3t D. O'CONNOR.

A pretty foot should always be encased in a pretty Shoe. Almost any foot is pretty when properly dressed. For fashionable footwear of the best quality and very latest style call on

Geo. R. French & Sons,

108 North Front St.,

Opposite Orton House.

le 23 tf

OLD NEWSPAPERS FOR SALE AT THIS office. Suitable for wrapping paper.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

WE HAVE

Captured the Cash Trade of the People

And here is how we have done it—by underbuying and underselling. We are quoted by everybody as the leader of low prices and big value. Well we told you last week what the small sum of five cents would buy, now let us tell you of some other things we handle.

Let us tell you about some shoes. 100 pair ladies open slippers nice leather bottoms at 39c pair. Nice Oxford ties patent leather tips, at 50c; better and nice slippers $1 to 1.25. A lot of odds and ends in slippers left over from last year at 75c to $1.50—to close this lot all now going at 50c. A lot of men's high cut brogan plow shoes, worth $1, which we are selling at 79c a pair. Gent's congress and bal. shoes at 90c to $1. Fine extra style shoes at $1.25 and 1.50. Cordivan and calf shoes at $2 to 2 50 a pair. In baby shoes we have a nice assortment from 15c. In infant's slippers—a job lot—at 15c per pair; size 2 to 8. A line of slippers, good black, with tan fronts, 35c; sold last week for 50c. Childrens tan slippers, with strap and buckle, at 55c; larger, 73 to 98c. A line of childrens black slippers in sizes 9½ to 12 at 50c, worth 65c. We have the cut soles for ladies and mens shoes at 10c per pair. A big lot of ladies fine sample shoes and slippers at half price.

We have just received the nicest and newest lot of ladies cheap hats we have ever been able to show before this season. 12 dozen white, wide brim flats in fine chips, regular, $1 our price 25c.

We are on Front street opposite the Market House.

BRADDY & GAYLORD, Prop. of Wilmington's big Racket Store. june 23 tf

SUMMER CLOTHING.

Office Coats 48c, 75c, and $1.25
Coats and Vests 75c, $1.25, $1.98 and $3.50. Big stock of Summer Pants, $3.50 grade at $2.25; $5.00 and $6.00 quality $2.50.
Men's Balbriggan Undershirts 25c.
Men's $1 grade Balbriggan Suits 75c.
Men's Bleached Drawers 25c.
Largest variety of NEGLIGEE SHIRTS at 40c, 50c, 65c and 98c.
$12 50 Suits at $8 50.
Straw Hats at cut prices.
New arrivals in Dry Goods.

TRILBY DUCK.

White, Tan and Navy at 12½c per yard.

Percales at 5 and 9c per yard.
Paris Pilissi at 9c, worth 12½c.
12½c Fancy Lawns for Wrappers 6¼c.
10 and 12½c Domestics at 6 and 9c.
Plain and Figured Silks 25c per yard.
10c Draperies 6c per yard.
25c Draperies, new designs, 15c per yard.
Mattings and Oil Cloths
A splendid matting at 10c per yard.
25c Seamless Matting 16c.
Yard wide heavy floor oil cloth 25c
Curtain Poles, all colors, 18c complete.
Bargains in Slippers and Low Shoes and lots of other New Goods at

J. H. Rehder & Co.'s,

Next Fourth Street Bridge.

Car fare paid on all purchases over Two Dollars.

Phone 118. june 23 tf

The Clyde Steamship Co.

New York, Wilmington, N. C. AND Georgetown, S. C., Lines.

New York for Wilmington.

CROATAN,	Saturday, June 29
ONEIDA,	Saturday, July 6
Wilmington for New York.	
ONEIDA,	Saturday, June 29
CROATAN	Saturday, July 6
Wilmington for Georgetown, S. C.	
ONEIDA,	Tuesday, June 25
CROATAN,	Tuesday, July 2

☞ Through Bills Lading and Lowest Through Rates guaranteed to and from points in North and South Carolina.

For freight or passage apply to

H. G. SMALLBONES, Supt., Wilmington, N. C.

THEO. G. EGER, T. M., Bowling Green, N. Y.
WM. P. CLYDE & CO., General Agents, Bowling Green, N. Y. Je 23 tf

Mahogany Twist.

15 boxes Mahogany Twist.
20 boxes Big 4 Tobacco.
25 boxes Dandy Tobacco.
40 caddies Leader Tobacco.
200 kegs Nails.
150 bags Shot.
200 bundles Hoop Iron.

Goods all new and fresh and no old stock to work off. Call on us.

W. B. COOPER,
Wholesale Grocer and Commision Merchant, 226 North Water Street.
June 13 tf D&W Wilmington, N. C.

Base Ball.

—AT—

THE HAMMOCKS,

WEDNESDAY, JUNE 26th, Between High Point and Wilmington's best Nine. Game called at 4 o'clock sharp. Admission 25 cents. je 23 3t

Do You Ever Feel

SOMETIMES THAT IF SO AND SO FIXES up anything for you, or if you buy it at So and So's all right? Well there is something in that. We have enjoyed the confidence of the people for a long time, and we have yet to know of a single case where we did not give entire satisfaction—(Everything being even, you know). We sell Medicines—Pure and Unadulterated.

JAS. D. NUTT,
Je 16 tf The Druggist.

NOW OPEN.

MR. AND MRS. H. A. KURE ARE NOW to be found at her "Big Cottage on the Beach," with a first-class Boarding House at Carolina Beach. Meals and Lunch can be had at all hours. Rooms to rent, furnished or unfurnished, by day, week or season. For terms, call or write to H. A. Kure, Carolina Beach, N. C.

In connection with above, about two squares from Cottage, I also will have as heretofore, charge of the Carolina Beach Club, where the usual sport can be had.

june 2 tf HANS A. KURE.

Foreclosure Sale.

BY Virtue of the provisions of a certain motgage deed made by Lucy Page to the North Carolina Home Building Association on the 23d day of January, 1894, and duly registered in Book No. 12, page 764, of the Records of New Hanover County, the undersigned will sell to the highest bidder, at public auction, for cash, on Wednesday, the 3d day of July, 1895, at 12 o'clock m., at the Court House door, in the City of Wilmington, N. C., the following-described lot situate in said city, to-wit.

That lot beginning at the Southeastern intersection of Seventh street and Campbell street, runs thence east with the Southern line of Campbell street 66 feet; thence south parallel with Seventh street 66 feet, thence west parallel with Campbell street 66 feet, thence with the eastern line of Seventh street 66 feet to the beginning, being part of Lot 1 block 233.

JOHN D. BELLAMY, Jr.,
June 11th, 1895. Attorney for Mortgagee. June 13 30t

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

TIVOLI Hofbrau Export Lager.

Sold in Crown Cork Bottles Only.

Brewed from the Best Bavarian Hops —AND— Canadian Barley Malt.

FINE HOP FLAVOR.

A delicious beverage for the

Family Table.

And an Excellent Tonic for the

WEAK AND NERVOUS.

Read this Testimonial.

From Dr. Wm. H. Taylor, State Chemist and Professor of Chemistry and Toxicology, Medical College of Virginia.

LABORATORY OF STATE ASSAYER AND CHEMIST, RICHMOND, VA., MAY 2, 1895.

I have analyzed the Tivoli Hofbrau Beer, manufactured by the Robert Portner Brewing Company, of Alexandria, Va., and find that it is pure and, in all respects, of excellent quality. It is unexceptionable as a beverage, and I recommend it especially for medicinal use.

Wm. H. Taylor, M. D.,
State Assayer and Chemist.

FOR SALE BY ALL DEALERS.

Robert Portner Brewing Company.

OTTO BANCK, Agent,

June 8 tf Wilmington, N. C.

Turnip Seed, Fall Crop.

Just arrived.

Low Prices. Large Stock.

Robert R. Bellamy & Co.

Wholesale and Retail

Druggists

N. E. Cor. Front & Market sts.

WILMINGTON, N. C.

Write for quotations. may 7 3m

Cash Paid —FOR— Beeswax.

If you have some to sell, ship it to us, and we will allow you

30 Cents Per Pound

For it in Boston, and no charge for Commission or carting. References all through the South if required.

W. H. BOWDLEAR & CO.,
Boston, Mass.
may 28 tf Office and Warehouse 36 Central Wharf.

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